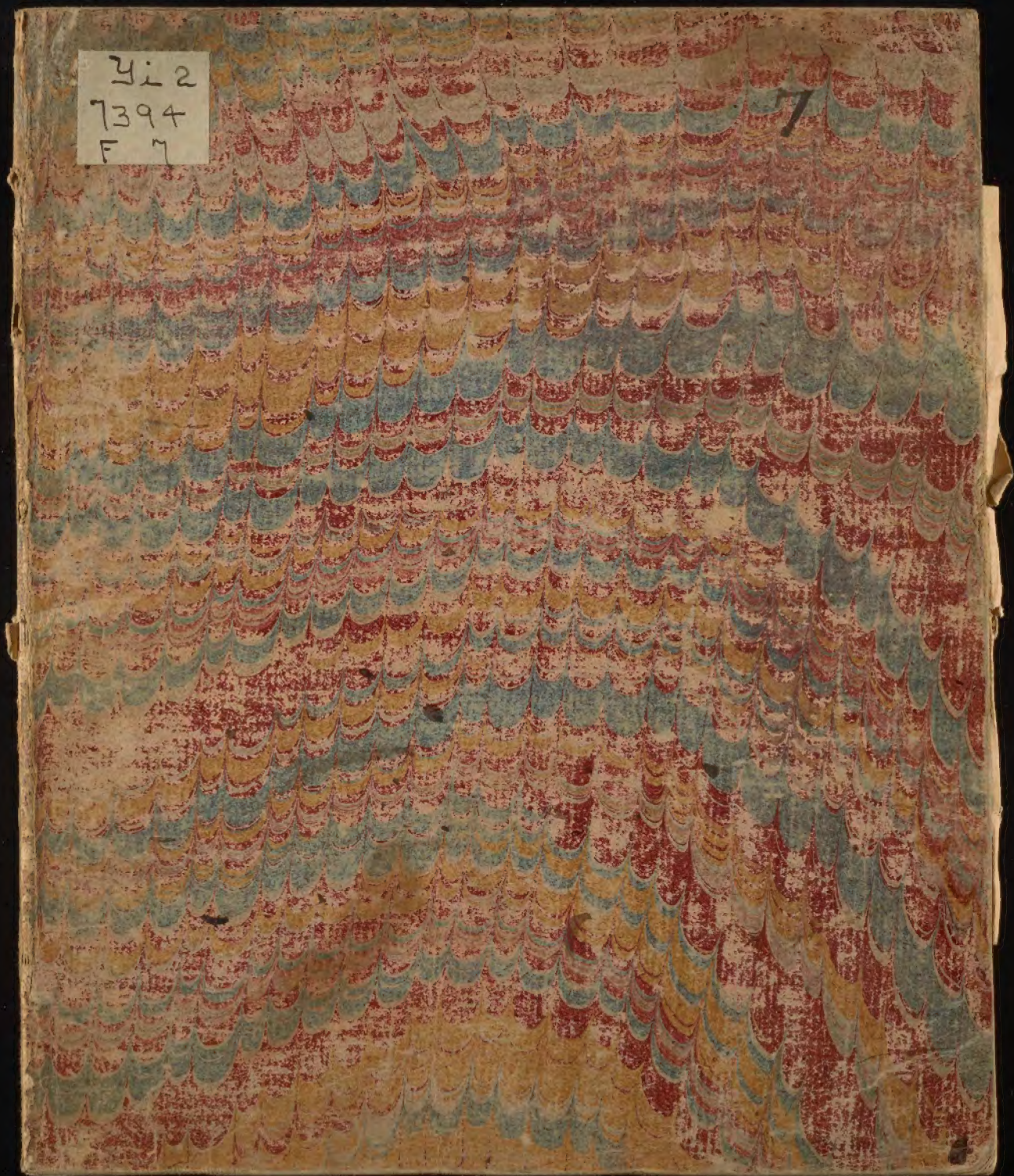
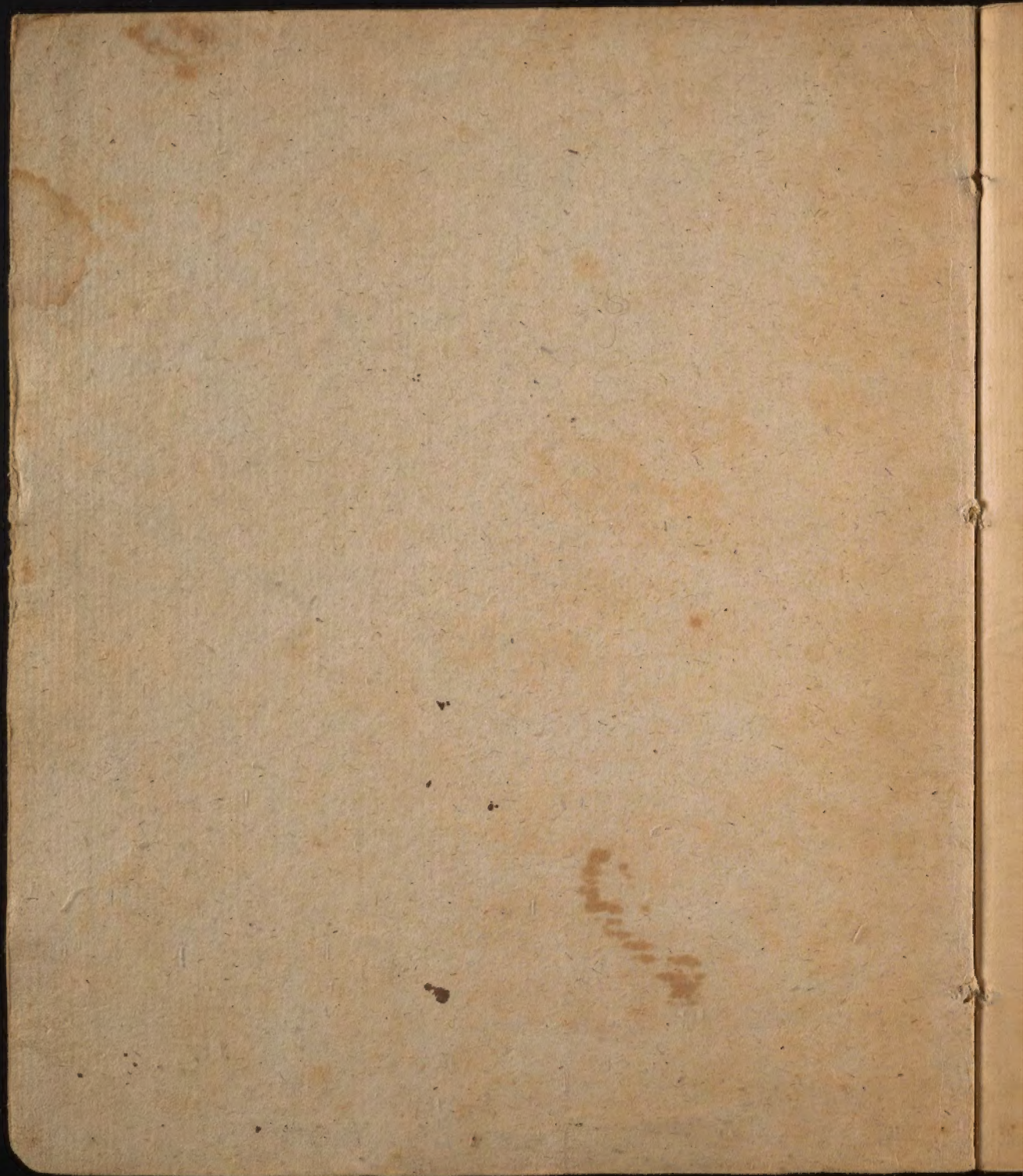


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Gastritis 247 } Both to be introduced
Enteritis 248 } next year 1804

Splenitis } 249
Nephritis }

Cystitis - 250

Odontalgia 252

Otalgia - 259

Hemorrhoids 259.

Ophthalmia 264

Phlegmon - 268

Gangrene & Sphacelus 270-1-

Anthrax - Paronychia - 272.

Burns - & frozen - 273

+ Hemorrhages 275

+ Hemoptysis 287

+ Epistaxis - 293

+ Hematymesis - piles - wounds &c 294.5

Gout - 296.

V The Stomach is a mystery. It is exposed con-
stantly ^{in health} to ill treatment from hot & cold
aliments - from excess & deficiency of food & from
gross its bad Qualities. In ~~its~~ ^{Pigore} it suffers
from by Sympathy with every part of the
body. It is torn by spasms - agitated by
Vomiting - oppressed by nausea - distended
by Air - irritated by bile - & yet it endures
them all. But there are certain Injuries
which it feels in the most sensible
manner. These arise from acid matters
~~such as poisons~~ acting upon it & inducing
a crushed action of a specific or peculiar
kind. To these irritants the Stomach submits
in common with other parts of the body. The
disease whether it induce simple & violent
Excitement, or obvious inflamⁿ is known
by the following Symptoms -

+ It is ~~more~~ certainly induced by an Inseparable
~~humour~~ ~~or humors~~ sometimes it appears from a
critical disposition of matter in the case of a

Gastritis or Inflammⁿ of the Stomach.

V
" a fever wth slender but tense pulse - pain & burning in the epigastric region - increased by taking any thing into the stomach - a constⁿ vomiting - & hiccough or total absence of all those symptoms. —
* Two species.

- 1 Phlegmonodea - " acute pain & high fever
- 2 Erythematosa - " less pain & fever, wth ^{is said to be} redness in the fauces". — The first seated in the muc. coat - the 2^d in the villous coat of the stomach. —

The first - from ^{1st} internal causes - as acid matter ^{generated in the body} deposited on the stomach, perhaps bile when vitiated may have this effect. — This the case in all highly malignant & It is produced by miasmata acting on the stomach & perans, especially plague - hence they attack the kidneys & of which usher in ague, vomiting, & have opium so successful bilious fevers & plagues. in them. and 2^d external causes.

These are poisons of all kinds - a case of opium producing it after it had cured the lock jaw - from Dr Robert. — also cold

an acute or Chronic disease, in which case it is
called Erithematous Inflammⁿ. - It appears in the
lamina & often extends thro' the whole Abin^l. canal.
It sometimes terminates in the Black vomit. I
have seen it in gonorr^h, & in ^{pulm^l} consumption ^{extremely}.

V is copious, for no viscus ~~suffer~~ ^{dies} from
disease ~~more~~ ^{than} inflammation than the stomach,
hence probably the reason why V. is ^{so} ~~more~~ ^{too}
often ineffectual after the 1st day of a yellow
fever in which the stomach is generally
inflamed.

When the body was heated. ²⁴⁸
Water, a case of this kind ^{related} from Lintear. It
extended to the diaphragm & liver. -

Its — Remedies are

1 ~~Immediate~~ bleeding. - This should be prompt,

2 Emollient glysters

3 Fomentations to the region of the stomach.

4 A Blister to D: Invaluable -

5 Avoiding irritation from aliment, and
acid drinks. ^{and Opium.} Demulcents only proper.

Opium improper.

2 Spe: Erythematia I have several times
seen it, - but generally in the last stage of
chronic diseases - especially Dyspepsia & Ulcer
- condriasis - it proved fatal. -

Enteritis -

"A fever th w. with slender but tense pulse - th w.
a pungent pain, ab^d the navel - Vomiting -
obstinate costiveness".

The Species - the same as the last.

Its causes - the same, together w th Colic.

+ Miss Houghton's case - Should only used
in cases of ^{violent} ~~use~~ of action - the tempera-
-ture of the water 50. or 46. below the
heat of the body - —

Its cure the same - with the addition of Cold
^{+ I have been}
water - applied to the feet - thighs - ^{thence} or bowels -
~~this from books only~~ - have never used it.
 But shall hereafter give reason why I think
 it rational - & proper. Have never seen this
 disease but from Colic - once from Dysentery.
 The patient after 3 bleedings - blood each time
 very clotted. —

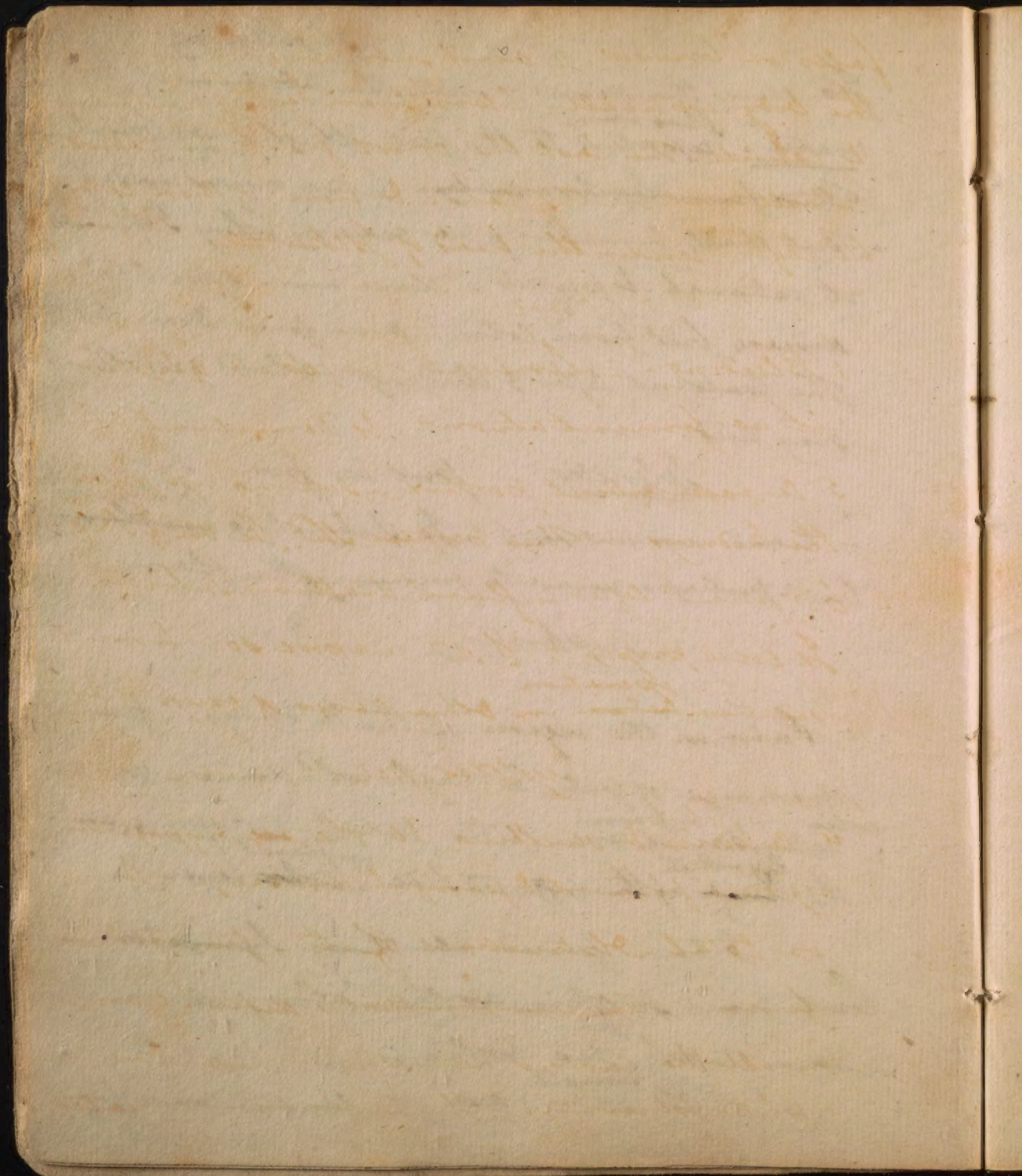
Splenitis — put in from System.
 - have never seen it. Is subject to ^{Obstruction} ~~inflamm.~~
 but - perhaps never to primary inflammⁿ.

Nephritis

" Pain in the region of the kidneys - frequent
 discharge of pale, or high col^d? Urine - Vomitus
 colic ^{or pain}
 retraction of one of the testicles - Suppurⁿ ^{inflamed} ^{of}
 the ^{lymphatic} ^{of} the affected side - ~~colic~~ fever."

I have found all these symptoms,
 but none so often as the Colic. Hence the
 term Nephritis Colic. —

^{remote}
 Its causes are. 1. Contractions from



falls on bruises. 2 acid substances taken into
the body especially ^{Leucanthemum} ~~Chenopodium~~. 3 hard riding.
4 Calculi. The last the most frequent cause.

Shall treat on the cause & cure of these calculi
hereafter under the head of Johuria.

Cure

1 Bleeding. 2 Lenient purges. 3 Glysters -
cut as fomentations. 4 Demulcent drinks.

5 A recumbent posture - setting up propers
the kidneys. - This posture sh^d. be on $\frac{L}{R}$ side.

6 Opium - after inflam^t. diathesis subsides.

Is cold proper? I sh^d. suppose so - from its
sedative ^{operation} ~~action~~ in other cases of excess of action.

known by Cystitis state of fever. &

" a pain & swelling ab^t the ~~reg~~ hypogastric
region - frequent & painful discharge of urine,
or total obstruction of it - teneosmus
fever." This is ~~Dr. Keil's~~ definition.

In all the cases I have seen - there was com-
-plate Johuria. - The inflamⁿ was treated

+ I suspect that the substance of the bladder is
^{not easily} ~~readily~~ inflamed, otherwise it would much
often occur from stones ^{& those stones} sometimes the pain
-ted lodged in the bladder.

In the
✓ The first case I was met with
of this disease was ~~from the~~ I should
probably have injured, and perhaps
have ruined my patient had I not
been assisted by the advice of the late
Dr Tho' Bond. I had bled him twice,
The Dr took the cure out of my hands,
and bled him 4 times afterwards giving
as a reason for it that no inflammation
the human body required such copious
bleeding as this disease. The practice was cor-
rect, but the reason he gave for it
was ^{not so, limited} ~~too general~~, for all local inflammation.

in the neck of the bladder. ^{Spasm between the} Its hardness & swelling were perceptible to the catheter. In one case I saw a discharge of mucus - from the neck of the bladder called "Catarrh of the bladder" described first by Linné? - I shall treat of it hereafter. One peculiarity in this topical inflammⁿ - tho' it affects the arterial system with tension, & imparts hardness to the pulse, yet, the functions of the brain, & even the appetite, are but little affected. Patients sit up - walk about, & except when in pain, are as capable as business as in perfect health. -

The remote Causes - ^{1 Direct & 2 indirect. 1, are acid substances} - nearly the same as of the taken inwardly ^{or injected into the Urethra.} I have known ^{two} cases of death from. From Sci: Saturn.

1 in Philad^a & Edin²: under D^r Cullen. 2 Calculi - moved into action by hand riding. 3 Direct. of Cantharides. ^{The powerful cause is a gout} ^{Chore.} The Remedies for this disease sh^d be

1 Bleeding. ~~once 6 times with Brodia.~~

Dr Bond's remark. - 2 gentle laxatives.

3 Demulcent drinks. -

4 Cold water to the perineum. Useful in Mrs Sop's case. 5 The catheter. Opium.

that are attended wth general ~~and~~ inflamed
action in the pulse, require the same
copious ~~as~~ if the seats of them be much
removed from the general ^{or great} circulation.
- the principle applies to ^{Optthalmia}
Hemorrhoidal fever, & Strangulated
hernia. &c. Treated by the venipunct^{ure} &

✓ The pain is ~~the~~ of the most exquisite
nature. Dr. Spence informed me he had once
known it to produce ~~madness~~ ^{temporary} a short
paroxysm of madness. —

✱ issue of this case, I have since
followed it, and with the happiest
effects. Where ~~it~~ is equal ^{to the ex-}
agencies of the disease, ^{very no} no Catarrh
of the bladder - no palsy - no ^{chronic} incontin-
- tence of Urine ever follow it.

It w^d be much aided by leeches. I have
had two cases of it from Gout this winter,
Col Miles Ann. Eyre - 1845 both from Gout
blood always ~~very~~ ^{very} cured by ~~it~~ ^{by} ~~1~~ ¹ & 2nd ~~two~~ ^{two}.

by the warmth of the 2nd applicⁿ of flaxseed oil by
After every thing had failed, I once removed it
by a strong dose of Salap. - probably its contagⁿ
~~It removed its delirium~~ - for such would
as induce it had been previously ~~removed~~ -

Peritonitis - I have never seen - the Metritis
where we come to the Peripneumonia fever. -

There are three other inflamm^{ns} partly internal
& partly external - viz: Odontalgia - Otalgia
& Hæmorrhoids. -

Odontalgia state of fever.

" A pain in the teeth, occurring ^{usually} from the
causes & in the season of inflamⁿ fevers. -
^{now & then from dropsy, & matters irritating}
^{about} ~~That~~ I do not deny the teeth; each coming
^{now & then} from other causes, & in all seasons;
But these will be treated off hereafter when
we treat of Chronic Rheumatism, or
Chronic Rheumatism. -

That the teeth are subject to inflammⁿ I infer from the following

dysuria from
If weakness or Calamity continue After
Inflamⁿ Symptoms are reduced the Remedy
should be Balsamic lozies - Oil of tar
~~was~~ amber - usuel 3 to 6 ter die.

x I have likewise seen a swelling from
inflamⁿ: without any pain in the
tooth or Jaw - —

Considerations. 1 The teeth are provided wth Arteries
 w^{ch} are principally affected in the all inflamⁿ.
 - I do not deny their having Arteries I believe
 they have, - but it is suff^t. for our purpose to
 prove that they have ~~Arteries~~ ^{Arteries}. - 2 The tooth
 Ach often occurs, & probably ~~always~~ most
 frequently the first time in sound teeth. &
~~The first decay~~ ^{The first decay} is generally perceived after a
~~fit~~ ^{fit} of the tooth ach. I grant I have sometimes
 seen ~~the~~ a decayed tooth where no pain has
 preceded - probably - from - slow inflamⁿ.
~~or from long standing~~ ^{or from long standing}
 why ^{should it} not ~~here~~ ^{here}, as well as in other parts
 of the body? ^{the} After decay has once begun,
 adjoining teeth are affected by the corrosive
 matter w^{ch} issues from the carious teeth. It
 is so acid, as not only to corrode adjoining
 teeth - But the Silver pivot of an artificia^l
 - al tooth. —

3 The tooth ach is most frequent in Chi-
 - mites w^{ch} are most subject to inflamⁿ.

✓ It is produced by the alternate action
of hot & cold liquids. The inhabitants
of St Kitts alone have the tooth ache
in the West Indies ^{for} & they alone drink
cold water. —

~~To Unripe fruit has been said to pro:
duce the tooth ache. I believe it, but
it only by corroding the enamel so
as to expose the naked tooth, & more
fully to the action of cold & heat.~~

diseases. It is unknown as well as decayed teeth, in ~~very~~ Countries uniformly warm, or in cold Countries where the transitions of heat & cold - are not sudden. ~~There~~ as little of them in Norway & Russia - as in the ^{West Indies or the} ~~most torrid~~ Zone. — V

It occurs ^{chiefly} ~~only~~ in the inflam^y periods of human life. Even decayed teeth, & all the remote & exciting causes of inflammation ^{that tooth ach} seldom produce it in people beyond 36 - or 40. — P

Here then I rest the cause, of not only the inflam^y but ~~even~~ ^{most of} the decay of the teeth, & ~~with~~ the pain & Disturbances which follow ^{the} decay — of Course - I reject Regim^e - Salt - tea - & even animal food from having any ^{the} local operation in producing them. ~~They~~ ^{these last} ~~can~~ act only by their Stimulus, - then - by disposing the System to inflam^y diathesis. That Regim^e can have no effect in injuring

✓ I ~~do not~~ Unnervous fruit certainly
 ✓ when the teeth are decayed.
 ✓ It ^{often} excites pain by its fibrinules
 upon the bare nerve of a tooth.

the teeth, I infer from the excellent teeth of the West Indians & negroes, ~~also~~ also of the French people who use so much of it in their diet. — V

The inflamⁿ: tooth ache attacks all ages under 80, but chiefly young people & childⁿ.

- It generally affects the double teeth. It comes on wth heat & quick pulse - & continues increasing for 3 or 4 days & nights, & then terminates in a swelling of the gum, or whole side of the face. Sometimes it extends to the tonsils, and parotid glands. This swelling soon subsides, but ~~sometimes~~ ^{now & then} terminates in Abscess - between the tooth & the gum - which gradually decays the tooth - hence it occurs after changes of the weather at all seasons, but especially in the Spring & fall. — There is a peculiarity in its recurrence w^{ch} deserves to be attended to. It sometimes affects - a ^{second} tooth remote from the affected one - frequently a tooth of the

+ This sympathy arises from other parts of the
body.

Dr Lister ^{tells us he} was ^{& that} subject to the
tooth ache from indigestion, half
a glass of brandy cured it by giving
tonic to his stomach. I have known ^{wise & a full meal}
have the same effect. In Mrs Fowles' case says he twice cured
it by Emetics.

8th
I have seldom seen any applications to the
face, or the mouth, ^{do good,} except they excited inflam^{ma}
or blisters. Poultices of flour & ginger, & hot oaks
have sometimes had this effect outside & raw
spirit within. ^{Opium} plasters - I read: ~~and~~ flour.
also mustard plaster to be^h
the ears.

9 Tobacco - Rad: pyrethri *flinnulata*
L deplete.

V But there are other reasons for re-
commending the extraction of decayed
teeth. 1 They impair mastication & thus
weaken the digestion of the food. 2 They
accumulate impurities which (if of a
Septic nature according to Dr Smithell) favor
the formation of slow fevers. But 3.
they are the inlet of morbid excitement
into other parts of the System. This will
be easily believed when we recollect the
convulsions which are induced into
the System by a splinter or a needle
lightly wounding ~~the cuticle~~ a finger
or toe. In Dr Caldwell, Dr Physick, &
Dr Bellinger, ~~it is~~ a tooth ache was the
precursor of the yellow fever. ^{Dr Fisher}
^{Budd in 1803.} ^{the historian of an} quotes from Mr Petit an obstinate in-
-termittent & a pulsat Consumption
of two years standing cured by the extrac-
-tion of decayed teeth. In Miss Clymer a
painful Rheumatism ceased in one

roots of the tooth. When this is the case, ex-
traction must be used. When a caries ^{or} ~~appears~~
gangrene as it might be called appears in a
tooth - it extends not only that tooth, but
the adjoining, & even an opposite tooth to
inf. pain & decay. There are ³ remedies for it.

1 To stop it with lead, or gold leaf, or ² to destroy
the ~~nerve~~ ^{nerve}, or artery if it is denuded
by the actual cautery or ~~Pinch~~ ^{Cantheridage}.
or 3 to extract it. - the last is to be preferred,

for when it does not excite pain or inflam.
the acid matter which issues from the caries

often ~~affords~~ ^{corrodes} the adjoining tooth, or the
tooth below it if it ^{be} - the upper jaw. - I

have often seen the extraction of the first
decayed tooth, prevent for life a return of any
~~disorder~~ ^{ease} of the tooth. V.

Sometimes this inflam. terminates
not only in a decay of the tooth, but in an ^{abscess} ~~abscess~~
of the tooth, which ^{both} produces swelling in the upper & lower
jaws. In the upper jaw it produces an ab-

cess in the Anterior Maxillae. This Abscess

right from the extraction of a tooth. See
Dr Darwin's 2nd Vol: on this Subject. Small
chronic diseases whether general, or local
a reference should be had to them. I have lately
~~in the extraction in Epilepsy & the like. read it~~

I have seen Dyspepsia three times cured by the
same remedy in a lady in this city. The Br of
Dr Smith of Baltimore has been cured of Epilepsy
by the extraction of 4 decayed teeth & ones. After-
wards, by my advice. Dr Leibold of Germany
cured Obstructed menses by extracting decayed teeth.

Dr Darwin mentions a number of Cases of Vertigo
the head ach being induced by ^{decayed} teeth, & cured
by their extraction. ~~Dr Darwin informed me he~~
~~had seen~~ In all Chronic Diseases, a reference sh^d
be had to them in your prescriptions.

I shall now deliver a few Directions for obtaining
good teeth, and preserving them afterwards. also for
obtaining Substitutes for them when lost.
^{Let the milk teeth be extracted}

~~as fast as they become loose,~~
thereby to enable the second teeth to
become straight & regular. If the least
Disposition appears in any of them to

258. I
 rats thro' the cheek in both jaws. I have often
 seen it - especially in the lower jaw. It is
 always to be expected where there is disposition
 to swelling after every attack of the tooth
 Ach. ~~There is~~ It is dangerous. I once saw
 it fatal. There is but ^{one} remedy for it. Viz:
 extraction of the affected tooth. If from
 the upper jaw - common to thrust a
 probe into the Antrum - but a dentist
 of great judgement has declared it unnecessary.
 I have never known this remedy fail of
 success. - I lately visited 8 or 9 with swells in
 a Mr Thomas from South Carolina. Upon the
 cheek from neglecting it. I shall hereafter speak of the methods of
 preventing this disease ^{as cured by Dr. Physick.} By sleeping in
 a warm night cap, 2 avoiding the sudden
 application of hot, & cold drinks. 3 washing
 the mouth every morning in cold
 water. 4 removing tartar from the
 roots of the teeth, & 5 Brushing them
 or washing them after eating, &c

+ John It is not peculiar to the ^{teeth} ~~eye~~ to become
weak by disuse. I have ^{seen a case} heard of actual blindness
from a lower being long kept on one eye for a
fraudulent purpose. South.

+ Opium plaster to the face - combined
th^{is} pepper - ginger - wax - resin & oil.

2 Opium in the tooth - 3 Extraction. 4

Dr. Lottin-gill's Specieis. —

grow irregularly, let them be kept
straight, by silver wire, or drawing the
adjoining milk teeth before they are
lost. Crooked teeth, or like deformity in
other parts of the body, always predisposes
to disease. They generally decay soon,
while regular & handsome teeth generally
last are generally lasting. 2 Remove

or decayed tooth as soon as ^{it becomes} ~~you are unable~~
painful, or as soon as you are unable

to chew with it. The teeth ^{soon} project
from their sockets & become loose

when not used - hence we observe the
loss of the teeth of the lower jaw soon

especially before going to bed. —

The ^{chronic} Rheumatic tooth requires a
diff^t treatment. to be ment^d hereafter. —

State of fever
Otalgia - or Ear ache

"An acute pain in the ear arising ^{in the} fever".

This disease most common in childhood.

1. U.S.
The Cure - is 2 purging - 3 Blisters behind
the ear affected. & The ^{Vapor} ~~Steam~~ of Sugar
Candy on Coals, & rec^d. this a funnel. —
The Indians cure it by sweet juice of Hicory tree drop^d
in the ear. ~~It sometimes tends to Suppuration.~~

In this case - emollient cataplasms
proper - Boiled Onions commonly used.

- After it breaks - detergent injections
proper - If deadness follows - Remedies to
be ment^d hereafter. — It might be
prevented by U.S. & the above remedies.

Hamorrhoidal state of fever

This disease is included among the
hamorrhages by D^r Cullen - But I

+ I have seen it produce Dysuria & Gonorr.
-rhea in one case. *Pt. Muller*. D.

See no more propriety for it - than for
 considering
~~Bringing on Consumption, or Pneumonia~~
~~or Leucoderma~~ ^{hepatitis or haemorrhages,} for both are often follow-

ed or accompanied by an effusion
 of blood. - True it is

Disease, but it is often the effect of an affection
~~of the~~ ^{of} ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~system~~ ^{system} ~~but it like other~~ ^{and where}

off it affects the whole system, ^{It is}
~~it is not it seldom fails of bringing the~~
~~defined by Dr. Fuller.~~
 whole system into sympathy or general fever.

" A heaviness, or pain in the head - Giddi-
 ness - pain in the loins - Weakness of the
 knees - & pain, ⁱⁿ about the extremity
 of the Rectum with, or without external
 swelling - & sometimes followed by an effu-
 sion of Serum or blood". - +

They are external, & internal. The last blind.

This disease affects adults chiefly of
 all ages - & women more than men.

Its remote causes are.

- 1 Costiveness.
- 2 Acid purges, especially Aloes.

V I have had two violent cases of this
in the ~~the~~ winter 1800.
first - In one of them Mr Stille - I was
called on $\frac{1}{4}$ 3rd day. I bled him 3 times,
but an abscess followed in ^{ch} ~~has~~ confined
him 3 months, & required an operation.
To the 2nd case I was called on the day of
Attack. I bled him 12 times to $\frac{1}{3}$ 100 of
blood. This man recovered in 2 weeks, so
as to be able to sit on the box of a carriage.
- He was the Presid^t Coachman. I believe
~~that this might be prevented in 9 cases in 10~~
~~by the same remedy~~ - Mrs Stokes -
The Butter-milk pill useful. That is best
which is made of the Sap of the tree obtained
in the Spring. - W⁴ Veget^l & Asperment Diet,
but little fails. -
5. ~~5.~~ Certain Applications to the part
affected - the first and best of these is
Cold water. It abates pain & tension,
and After depleting remedies have been
used, performs a Cure. ~~Warm water~~
& poultices of bread & milk give relief,
~~when~~ & sh^d be used when Cold water fails

3 Third riding, or long standing or walking

4 a sedantary life w^h induces Costiveness

- hence women, & especially during pregnancy are most subject to it. - 5 Joint.

~~Mr. Howard~~ ^{case} The predisposing cause - here is Obviously debility.

The proximate - cause of action in the haemorrhoidal vessels - ~~from~~ ^{hence} effusion & tension & effusion.] -

Remedies

As the whole system is bro't into sympathy & the head & breast endangered from the ^{which} action is communicated to ~~it~~ ^{them}, in all cases of great pain - or giddiness - ~~the~~ ^{the} tense pulse

1 Bleeding should be used, both general & local. Local - by leeches - or a caustic - Both & drugs useful.

2 Senient purges, especially sulphur. Supp.

to have a specific action on the pulse. Probably

acts only from its ~~own~~ mildness in its ^{as} ~~its~~

⁺ laxative: - The disease continues when formed with diarrhoea.

3 Horizontal posture of the body. &

~~sedatives such as cold water~~
~~by the rectum~~ ⁱⁿ ~~to induce purgation~~

of Scurfs. ^{6th} After the disease is in part
subdued, or of a moderate nature the
following stimulating Applications
have been found useful. 1 warm water.

2 molasses. 3 The Smoke of leather rolled
thro a close stool upon the part affected.
An Old Shoe will answer this purpose.

~~+ also great Vomiting, coldness &c
in Physick in the yellow fever.~~

4 an Ointment composed of equal parts
of hog lard, and Tar applied to the part.

5 The Stramonium Ointment - how
made. 6 an Ointment composed of

Ung^t Stram $\frac{3}{4}$ lb Lac Sat: Indiv gall: &
Opⁱii $\frac{1}{2}$ lb m^g for his vel ter die.

7 white lead $\frac{3}{4}$ lb sweet Oil $\frac{1}{2}$ lb felting^g
& a Tobacco leaf. It is recommended
by the Indians & the Ac tried where other
remedies have failed of Scurfs. The

~~Remedy - common to me by a patient
 who used it ^{many} years ago, & never had a
 return of the disease since. I have frequently
 used it with success. If applied early prevents
 the complete formation of the disease. -~~

~~Besides this remedy, there are ^{some} others
~~which are~~ ^{by producing} ~~which are~~ ^{an insupportable}
~~the acute gradations~~ ^{as stimulants} ~~which are~~ ^{thus overcome morbid}
~~debility~~ - These are 2 the smoke of leather. Old~~

Aubin.

~~There used for this purpose 3 Stramonium.~~

~~The or Jamestown weed - highly narcotic
 used by the Indians to the temples to procure
 Sleep according to Rev^d W. Clayton [To a
 Cuba pronounced by D. Jones - & a seed
 in the eye - enlargement of the pupil, & blind:
 : nap for one week in Mrs Bradford] - The
 usual way of applying it in an Ointment:
 made w. hog lard. - ^{In the delirium} ~~I have found~~~~

~~of the disease, I have used, the follow:
 Application to the eye - R. Opium Sac. Sat. pulv.
 Glycerin: - Opium & Dis. Hng. Stramon. E. p. m.~~

Disease is an important One, and sh^d.
never be treated with neglect. When left
to itself its usual terminations are 1 dis-
tressing, or troublesome bleeding piles. 2

~~+ The disease has applied with success by the~~

~~Indians.~~
2 ~~Small hemorrhoidal~~ suppurations in the hem^{or}
veins & a discharge of pus from them.

3 mortifications of the Rectum - called Fistula in Ano. 4

Small indurated tumors, which appear
✓ & ⁱⁿ one case in mortification. + Fistula

would be prevented in 9 cases
out of 10 by V.S. for the blind piles.
go to p. 3 of N^o 3.

to the extremities of the hem^{or} veins.

They are internal & external. When in-
ternal, they produce difficult stools head
ach, & even pulmonary Consumption. They
are only to be removed by ligatures. 5 I
~~have known this disease since and~~
5 prolatos Ano. 6 mortification

~~Low diet - consisting of opening vegetables
as roasted apples - pears - figs &c - and
Indian meal water gruel - or bread. -~~

~~After the inflamⁿ symptoms are re-
- moved a ^{swelling} ~~local~~ continues from debility
with ^{not} much pain. Removed by stimulants
especially Tar in various ways or Sugar of
lead or white lead mixed with oil. ^{also: Copied by Dr. Gallen. t.} - ~~shall~~
~~be~~ The disease is prevented by avoiding
all the causes th induce it - especially Cos-
-tiveness. - Arthritis piles in W. Ward -
lost on ~~by~~ by breaths & lights - producing bad air,
& how cured. ^{as above said} They sometimes terminate in
suppuration - ⁱⁿ in fistula - in hemorrhages.
With this we finish internal inflamⁿ.~~

~~- we come next to external.~~

① All these Distressing Consequences of this
State of fever are the Consequences of neglect
in a patient, or ignorance in a physician.
- They may all be prevented by us, and
the remedies I have recommended. - The more
remote an inflam^d part is from the great
circulation, the more copious should be

see depletion by the lancet. Remember
the Case of the Presidents Coachman.

Prophylaxis

~~1~~ ~~vegetable diet~~. ^{& liquid} ~~Amirant~~ jugs, 2
vegetableⁿ diet. Wheat & Indian meal
a p. 3. Avoiding all its exciting causes.

✓ Common ~~in~~ the fall when
bilious fevers prevail - accom-
panied the ~~Dysentery~~. See Hawkins
Voyage 176.

Ophthalmic state of fever.

"A pain ~~in~~ ^{the} redness in the eyes - intolerance of light, generally with a plentiful effusion of tears" — It is seated in the ^{lamella} ~~to~~ ^{conjunctiva} adnata,

& in the ~~membranes of the~~ ^{membranes} which cover the eye. ~~It is divided~~ ^{It is divided} by DeCullen into

Idiopathic & Symptomatic

I are 1 Ophthalmia membranacea

"An inflamⁿ of the lamina adnata, & subjunct membranes, or tunics of the eye".

2 Ophthalmia tarsi. — ^{gelatinous} tumor - exuda-
-tion, & sometimes erosion of the tunic of the eye lids" —

The II. Idiopathic arise from an affection of the eyes themselves, or a disease of the whole body. —

Its remote causes deserve to be examined.
all the usual causes of fever.
They are 1, External Violence - wounds - slight
touches - particles of dust - ^{from over} sand or iron ad-
hering to or in the eyes, or inverted hairs.

✓ weakness - soreness, of blindness in
One eye universal ~~from~~ at Syene
from the hot wind which blows across
the Desert of nubia. Bruce much afflic-
-ted with sore eyes from this cause.

✓ It is supposed to arise from a very
hot head dress in Grand Cairo - which
makes ^{the head} it liable to be affected by the
night air. I rather suppose - from presbyopia
Diathesis of thick air in Cairo -
in an 100 persons whom Volney
met ~~with~~ in the street 20 were
blind - 10 wanted an eye - & 20 others
had their eyes red & purulent - or
blanched. -

✓ In Tunis from fine particles of
sea shells th which they pass their
streets being blown into the eyes by the
wind. In Kuntache from pollen
of plants in the spring.

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or acid vapor as smoke - or effluvia of privies. -

2 The application of light excessive in quantity or

Duration. Hence sitting up at night produces it - also ^{in winter} fires - and riding in the snow - even inflames the face.

3 D^o of heat & moisture - hence Cooks often affected with sore eyes. V

4 Too much exercise of the eyes in viewing small objects.

5 Frequent intoxication, & too stimulating diet as Onions at Grand Cries. Volney.

6 An acid matter from any cause deposited on the sebaceous glands of the eye lids. hence common in leues. -

7 Sympathy with other parts of the body. -

8 Unusual determination of blood to the head - hence it occurs in some inflamm^yness, and frequently at the same time with Angina -

& pneumonia & according to D^r Husham especially in moist cold weather. V

general

The Remedies must be first treated of which suit all - then accor^d to parti-
-cular remote causes. -

1 Bleeding. This must be general only when the whole system is affected with pyrexia, as when it arises from the last remote cause,

100 be

✓ ~~in~~ cold water - ~~markings~~ as

After morbid action is reduced the
Remedies 100 be: Stimulating Appli-
cations. Begin with such as are gentle.
They are wine & water, spirit & water, -
Infusions of oak galls - or oak Bark -
per: Bark - opium & galls - viz op: ʒi
Galls ʒij ag bout ʒiv to be dropped in the
eye. Salt & water - Lead water - vitæ
alb ʒij; Jar lat: ʒiv ag: ʒij - from
Allen's Recipe - Electricity -

Now & then from hair - a dirt -
how used - Story of Hildanias Sometimes

But in other cases not necessary - only leeches -
 - cupping - or Scarification of Adnata - or the
thick palpebrarum.

2 purges - especially when it affects the whole
 system.

3 Blisters - to the neck - behind the ears - or to the
 temples.

4 avoiding all its exciting ^{causes} in the first ^{case}

5 Topical applications - These ~~should be diff^r~~
 according to the stage of the disease & violent
 action takes place as it generally does in the
 beginning, sedatives - or deficient & remedies, if -
^{perhaps Deficient}
 defect, or relaxation, they sh^d be direct stimuli.

It is of the utmost consequence in this, as
 well as all other Diseases to suit our remedies to
 the stage of the Disorder. From the neglect of this phy-
 sicians disagree in their au^{ts} of the same
 medicine, & the best remedies often fail of producing
 the effects we wish from them. The sedative
 or infrimut. Applications are 1 Cold - water
 best / 2 Lead water. ~~Perhaps this often acts by~~
^{But in a practice - how made?}
~~its sedative 2. The direct Applications are no~~

from other diseases as Lues - ^{or Scrophella} - head.
It sh^d be used in the former & the
remedies for Scrophella in the latter.
Sometimes from acid humor in
the eye - have distilling from the eye
lids on the eyes - here demulcents as
Gripe seed bruised in water, or ^{with} ~~or~~
of Sassafras - If these fail Laps: Cal.
It fresh Butter each equal parts. -

If from morbid determination to
the head - fetors or issues. -

These external remedies should
all be aided by Bark Steel & Opium.
Dr Farrington used it by a few pills
of Opium after every other medicine
had been used without effect.

~~Small portions of metallic astringents. R. Vit.~~
~~Alb. Zi Lac: Saturni Fir liq: pur: & i - inf: -~~
~~Also veg: D^o as Infus: Lp: - on white oak bark~~
~~or leaves - The last much used & recommended~~
~~in Sweden - loading wine - brandy - Salt &~~
~~^{Solution of opium} ~~from D^o & i~~ - ~~the~~ Vapor -~~
~~water - & Electricity - the last direct or indirect~~
~~according to its ~~the~~ strength or dose. - 3 Demulcents~~
~~as Guine seeds infused in water - Calamine~~
~~ointment -~~

5 Avoiding ~~irritation~~ ^{on rubbing wth each to it} - as light by a dark
 room - & green silk - hickey fire - spirituous &
 vinous liquors - if produced by them.

6 Removing foreign matters if occasioned by
 them. iron by lodestone - Story of Hildanus, or
 by Needle - sand or dirt by eye Stone - or basin
 of water. - hair by plucking it out.

7 It from general relaxation - Bark - &
Opium - both difficult - the last most,
 so commended by Dr Campbell of Lancaster
 after all other remedies had failed.

8 It from an affection of another part of



[Faint, illegible handwriting in a cursive script, likely from a 17th or 18th-century manuscript. The text is written in brown ink on aged, yellowed paper.]

[Marginal notes on the left side of the page, written in the same cursive script as the main text. Some numbers are visible, such as 2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.]

The first extends to the cellular substance & hence such effusions take place as produce pus, - the other ~~affects~~ extends only to the rete mucosum - hence only skin is separated.

The first varies in its seat & form, ^{all its varieties} & require different treatment.

^{the} we shall begin w common phlegmon supposing it to be placed in any part of the body.

- If it brings the whole system into sympathy 1st bleeding & purg, & 3rd - low diet necessary.

The ~~as~~ cure depends chiefly on external applications. From the Scurfs of cold water to inflamed Sore ^{Arm} in Inoculation, I ^{think I} ~~begin~~ ^{am safe in} to recommend: 1st Cold water. 2nd Lead

water - perhaps it acts chiefly by its coldness. - whoever wishes for more on this subject may consult highly on heat. ^{2nd treatment} If ~~there is~~ to abate pain from tension, Oil may be applied - Emolient poultices

✓ All phlegmons terminate in resolution -

- Abscess - Gangrene or Sphacelus. If we
fail of obtaining resolution, via

only 270 V
give ease in this way. ~~If this fails~~ and a
tendency appears to suppuration - Applications
sh^d be used w^{ch} stimulate by heat - or ~~on~~ some
active quality residing in them. These are 1st
emollient Cataplasms, such as bread & milk -
flaxseed boiled - white lily root - mullowseed -
boiled in milk; ~~the oil on hand~~ - on app^r of the
tendency of the heat of the skin to harden it &
if this fails - ~~use~~ 2nd these active Stimulants
as Lye poultice - Sometimes by attenuating
it disperses inflammations - Other Stimulants
do the same - as Opium ~~is~~ mixed wth Camph^r
or Vinegar, or Sal ammoniac, or lastly ~~L~~
Viniment. ~~It~~ - When Abscess universally soft
it should be opened - either 1st by ~~puncture~~ ^{incision} or
by 2 Caustic, or 3. flour - honey, & an egg.

Gangrene

" A livid color of the part after inflammⁿ
soft - not very sensible, with ichorous vesicles."

Remedies

Deep Scarifications round the affected part."

v poultries - especially the fermenting
ones.

Stimulating applications of Baths - and Thompson's
 time ~~plaster~~ ointment. Bark not always
 proper - if phlogistic diathesis continues in the
 whole system. Gangrene of the toes - cured by
 opium by Mrs Pott - would probably succeed equal-
 -ly well in ~~old~~ ^{in old people} ~~feet~~ mortif^{no} which occurs in
 the toes & feet in hospital, or jail fever. - If
 the whole system partakes of debility - Bark &
 Wine in liberal quantities. -

Sphacelus

"A part becoming black after gangrene -
 insensible - no heat - or sensibility - easily torn -
 with a disposition to spread" -

Remedies. - as before with -
 Bark - wine, & if a limb - Amputation
 - ~~But~~ our time will not permit us to treat
 on them all - see practical writers - phymosis -
 inflam^m of the breast hereafter. - many others will
 come in under cutaneous diseases.



~~Anthrax~~ Paronychia

Inflamⁿ of the peristrium, of the extremity of the finger.
 Cure ~~deep incision~~^{1st} holding the finger in boiling water
 or Vinegar. Acts as a sedative - or indirect stimulus
 2 deep incision - 3 excision. -

Anthrax.

"Large painful ^{independent} tumor with many openings
 but little discharge - ^{occurring} ~~scattered~~ in all parts of the
 body, but most frequently in the back". - I have
 seen them ~~in~~ on the limbs - & once on the
 forehead. - Two cases in Philad^a in 1790 in persons
 above 60 - both of whom recovered. - ^{Cure}

Back - ~~young~~ mild pustules at first &
 Afterwards detergent ointment of w^h turpentine
 should be the basis. -

x Uncommon colds complained off
by a patient blown up, & burnt
all over, by ^a gunpowder mill being blown
up near Germantown 1792 - he
died.

Erythematous inflammations -

Burns +

If general inflammⁿ. Bleeding - laxatives & bloodlet,
But its cure will depend chiefly on topical applications

These are ²: Such things as restrain or compose excess
of action - They are 1 preparations of lead in water.

Sol: Sac: Saturni. - a compound medicine of
Cold - & the lead ^{my constant remedy.} - 2 Rum. 3 Holding the part ^{to the fire.} both
prevent blistering & ^{will} inflammⁿ. - ~~they~~ How

do they act? as indirect sedatives by excess of
Stimulus - as they are painful will seldom
be submitted to by the patient. - 4 sedative oint-

ments composed of Stramonium - Lead,
or Copper in the form of Oedogrease. - Heating

Posalties - See Sh^d be avoided - Dr. Mayse remedy of
Lime & oil - failed in Thomas hospital. Succeeded in Jos.
Donaldson's family. - Inflammⁿ from Cold

Excess of Cold by its sedative operation produces
Gangrene. - Inferior degrees produce debility
- and inflammⁿ. Generally after heat begins
to act on the part affected. no pain in a
limb till we come to the fire. The Canadians



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avoid it on this acc^t: - The increased action of the
Vessels from the stimulus of the heat, produces disten-
-sion & hence the pain. I shall hereafter treat of
the methods of guarding ag^t: Cold - now only of
the Cause of the effects of it. - When physicians called
the first thing to be done is to avoid fire; - ~~if~~ ^{if} the
the excitement is absent - sensibility great, so that
moderate heat becomes a stimulus so great as
to endanger the destruction of the vessels by produ-
-cing indirect debility. - If the limb, or part is
frozen - Snow - powdered ice - or ^{cold water} ~~what is better~~
according to the degree of cold to which the body has
been exposed, may be used - for these bodies tho'
cold to a healthy limb, are warm to a frozen
limb whose heat is below $\frac{1}{4}$ of the Snow - ice, or
cold water - & hence they become gentle stimuli
to ~~the~~ it, but so gentle, as not to endanger the
destruction of the vessels. After these applications
frictions sh^d be used - but very gentle - or
we exchange the part. - If gangrene or
Spasms comes on the remedies as above.

chills -
V them in his class of pyrexia. That - I think -
a a quick & frequent pulse generally attend them.

Hemorrhages. I am ^{not} singular in placing them among the plates of Fever. I believe includes ^V in order to understand the nature of these diseases I shall deliver a few general propositions.

- 1 From various causes the system is liable to an excessive quantity of blood - called plethora
- 2 This plethora depends upon the balance ^{being} destroyed between fluids & solids, from excess of ingesta above excreta, ~~and~~ and a deficiency of strength in the solids, ^{the} makes them yield to extension. -
- 3 From peculiar circumstances of local ^{depletion of it - of} weakness, or bad conformation, this plethora is determined more ~~than~~ to one part of the body than ^{to} another. - - growth - or a
- 4 From the greater facility ^{the} in w. ~~the~~ the arteries yield to pressure in one part of life ^{& the veins in} than another, hemorrhages are said to be Arterial, or Venous - The first occurs in early life before 35, or 40 - The

Veins
V The Arteries are strongest in early -
the Arteries - in the decline of life.

I reject the terms altogether for I
^{with a single exception to be}
~~perhaps it would be better to~~
deny the existence of a passive hemorrhage. I
divide them into torrid and atonic
or of strong, & weak action -
hemorrhages - analogous to Inflam
y typhus fever. In both torrid or atonic
action torrid or atonic
divided further into acute and
chronic. The acute occurs in fevers
of great excessive action - the chronic
occurs in slow fevers, as in pneumonia.
-micula - &c. -

The pulse distinguishes the
two states.

There is further a discharge
of blood from trifling wounds
without fever. I have never

Venous After 35 or 36. - The structure of the
 veins & arteries in these periods ^{is very diff.}
 according to Dr ~~Wintringham~~. - The arterial ~~are~~ ^{hemorrhages} appear
 in the nose - and lungs - the venous in the
 hemorrhoidal vessels - Vena portarum - &
 Brain. ~~Both~~ ^{Both} appear in the hemorrhagia uterina.
 Young persons are most subject
 to bleeding at the nose & lungs - & persons
 between 35 or 36 to piles - ^{or hemorrhage from liver} Melina - & palsy
 or apoplexy. Both of ~~the~~ ^{the} will appear here:
 - after occur ^{from hemorrhage} in the Brain!

Dr Stahl has divided Hemorrhages
 into active & passive - [There is a found: for
 the distinction. The first are accomp^d with
 excess of action - the last are without it, or
 with a defect of action - they are mere effusions
 of blood with^d from laxity, or emission of a vessel,
 & ~~from~~ ^{from} The first are generally arterial,
 the 2^d venous. ^{from a plethora. goto p. 283 x} The first are the only
 subjects before us. They belong to the
 Class of Pyrexia. The last should have

met with an acc^t of it in any
of the ^{ancient or European} records of medicine, but
I have met with 30 head of
a 4th family being subject to it
in this country. — It has proved
fatal in two of those families
in several instances. — It is to
~~common~~ ^{certain} ~~those~~ ^{those} hemorrhages, what petechiae
are to malignant fevers, which
I have included in the symptoms
of the ^{petechial} ~~intermittent~~ state of fever.
They occur without the least
change in the state of the Arterial
System. They may be called papine he-
morrhages. Dr Otto has furnished the word

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been ^{arranged} ~~placed~~ under the class of fluxes to be considered hereafter. — Here a digression. I have mentioned the different States of the System from arterial & venous plethora — also ~~the~~ ^{from each of these} ~~the~~ from growth — or the ^{from each of these} ripation of it. — diff^r diseases arise in diff^r Stages of human life. — It is important to know them as they are not included in any of our Nosologies of Phy.
— sic. —

1 In Childhood — from ^{the overpropensity} ~~determination~~ of blood to rise & growth of the brain — above other parts of the body, we have not only bleeding at the nose, but ^{several diseases} ~~protrusions~~ from escape of blood in the brain, as large mucous Secretion — from the nose — running from the ears — or swellings behind them — or scabby head — or large dropsy of the brain. This determination produces diseases near the brain — hence Childⁿ are most subject to diseases of the throat, as ^{swelling} ~~scrophulous~~ or glandular swellings — & ~~Cynanchus variolosa~~ ^{Angina} trachealis — perhaps the contagion of Angina maligna, & Scrophulous may ~~be~~ ^{be too} determined by the

with the first Act of them in the New York
and: Repository. Go to p: 283 (x)

of children
same cause more to the throat, than to any
other part of the body.

2 In Puberty there is a new determination
of blood to the genital organs - hence not only
a great change in the Voice & face, but several
unusual & disagreeable complaints - par-
-ticularly, pains in the knees, hips - and
other joints, ^{also in the breast -} called growing pains, & by
some supposed to be rheumatic - hence also
swellings in the ~~glands~~ sympathetic glands,
especially of the groins - and lastly change
in the appetite - ~~old~~ new foods relished, &
old ones rejected ^{at this time of life -} - owing to dispeptic state
of the stomach. - In particular meat is more
relished than formerly, & unwisely by nature.

3 In Adolescence ^{the} begins at 20, or 21,
^{after:} the vessels cease to yield to the impetus of the
heart - hence plethora - this is thrown
on the lungs which are the weakest
part of the external surface of the body,
in which the arteries terminate - hence

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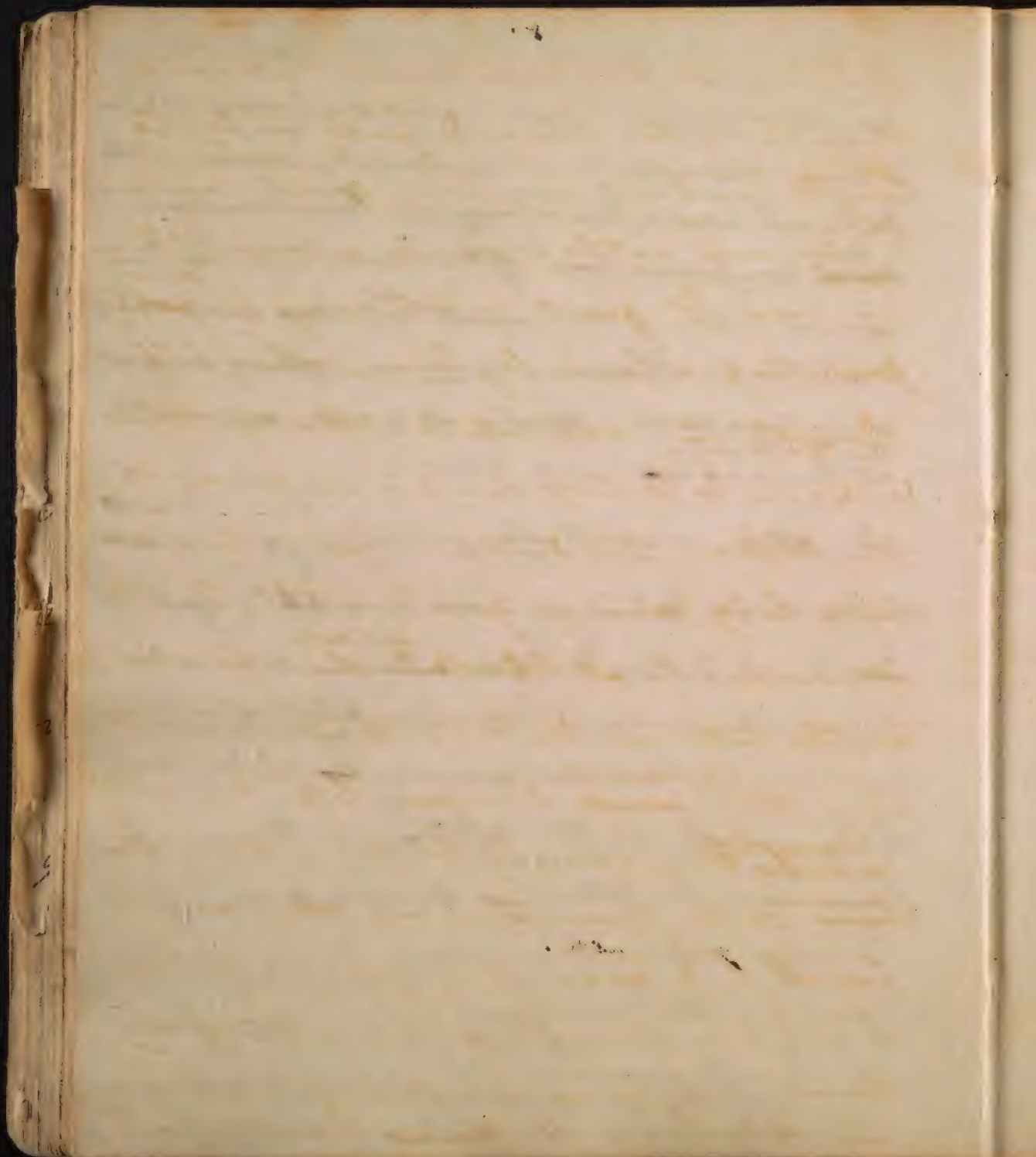
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2
3
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pains in the breast - frequent catarrhs,
or pneumonia - haemoptis - Consumpⁿ -
- These diseases more certainly occur if the
patient has a hereditary, or ^{bad} accidental
conformation of the breast, or has been
exposed to an employment ^{wh} has done vio-
- lence to the ~~thorax~~ ^{thorax}, such as sitting long at
a writing desk - stooping at work, especially
^{the business of a}
at shoemaking - or a taylor. -

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4 ~~at~~ In manhood, or between 35, ~~and~~
or 40, or 45, (always including abt. 5 years)
then during the struggle which occurs be-
- tween the arterial & venous ~~plithora~~ ^{to} ~~plithora~~, there
are many diseases, according ~~to~~ the part of the
body on which the plithora is thrown. I
have seen the following diseases more frequently
during these years, than in any other
period of human life - viz: Head
Ach, - Diarrhoea - Dyspepsia - hemor-
- rhoids - Colic - & Uterine hemorrhages.



They are at this period more obstinate
 than at other times, & yield only to
 long & constant exercise. Great caution
 sh^d be used not to promise a cure of them
 too soon - & great credit may be ^{gained} by
 predicting a cure by time when the
 struggle is over between the Arteries
 & Veins, & victory decided in favor of
 the latter. This victory is generally succeeded
 by a long period of good health. The bills
 of mortality at Breslau ^{in Silesia} show fewer
 Deaths between 40 & 57 than between
 any other ^{17 years of} ~~period~~ human life. Besides the
~~change~~ ^{complete} transition of plethora from the
~~Arteries~~ ^{Arteries} to the Veins, there are other reasons
 for ^{this good health.} ~~it~~ - A man it is said is a fool who
 is not his own physician at forty.
 - hence he is more careful in his man-
 : ner of living - His ~~former~~ constitution

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now winches ^{suddenly} under every species of Violence
 if is offered to it, Experience has taught
 what aliments are most wholesome, &
 he adheres steadily to them - He becomes
 now less ~~solicitous~~ ^{false} solicitous about the opinions
 of the world, & hence in his dress - and in
 the conveniences of his house, he prefers
 ease - comfort & health, to Splendor, and
 false taste. But further, - At 40 years
 of age, the world has generally taught ~~and~~
 & exhausted opened all its stores of pleasures - hence ~~the~~
~~the passions~~ ^{the passions} begin to act with less force
 on the system - This is a man loves & hates
envies & admires, ~~now~~ ^{less and} with much ~~more~~ ^{less}
 than he did in the early part of life. The
 period I have mentioned between 40 & 57 I believe
 is not only distinguished by uncommon
 degrees of good health, but of happiness
 likewise. - This secret was communicated
 to me near 20 years ago but the late
 Dr. Thos. Bond, a man who never spoke,

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spoke but from Observation or feeling, & I believe it to be ~~strictly~~ true under certain
~~I can truly say, I have lived to witness the~~
~~circumstances.~~
~~truth of it~~ - Be not ^{uneasy} ~~afraid~~ therefore gentⁿ
 at the rapidity with which time rolls you
 of the years of your youth. After all that has
 has been said of its pleasures, be assured there
 is more solid happiness before you after you
 entered the period that has been mentioned,
 provided you employ your youth in such
 a manner that ^{folly or} ~~no~~ irregularity of life
 shall call upon you after 40. for ~~satisfac-~~
~~tion or expiation~~ in a train of melanchol-
 =ly ~~the~~ reflections, ~~and~~ diseases, for Satisfaction
 or expiation.

I shall not call the facts I have
 mentioned respecting the diseases which depend
 upon the changes, or determination of
 plethora - a digression - They belong to
 our present subjects & you will find them
 of great application in the study & practice
 of Physic. -

+ [This is nothing new in the system. ^{we observe the} most
acute fevers of all kinds, where there is most
Vigor in the Constitution - The yellow
fever of the ~~Indies~~ ^{produces, violent action} ~~passes by~~ ^{only in} ~~people~~ ^{people} & affects the athletic chiefly.

The influenza ^{is} felt most severely
among ^{those} healthy people who were most
robust from exercise & exposure to the
air, - as in the Long Shore men - & Mr.
Wallis's company of Surveyors.]

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I return now to consider the causes of the mor-
-bidity — for this only belongs to Pyrexia. —

- Shaky - for this only belongs to Syphilis. -
 (A) The predisposing ^{cause of all hemorrhages} is evidently debility.
 - This debility occurs in every part of the body,
 but is greatest in ^{its} the external surface - hence
 the ~~the only~~ ^{principal} active hemorrhages are from the
 lungs & nose - for the membranes of the
 nose which is ruptured - belongs ^{to the} ~~common~~
^{external} ~~with the~~ surface of the body. -

This debility produces ^{congestion &} excitability, and
hence arises ^{morbid} ~~excess~~ ^{from stimulus} of action in the arteries,
and even effusion of blood in consequence
of a rupture of a blood vessel. [The debility
in the lungs
is of the same nature as y. w. occurs in
pneumony, but it is much greater - hence
the action of the vessels is ^{much} less - ^{than in pneumo.} To much so,
as not to give a temporary tone to them,
& hence instead of contracting by spasm,
from irritation, they effuse blood from
their ~~marked~~ ^{marked} laxity. An hemorrhage there-
fore may ~~be called~~ ^{be called} a congestion.

(a) least alarming one - local depletion - Billy Dini:
- hem - many others.

+ Perhaps the following is a true scale of
Inflammⁿ of the lungs, descending from
↓ pneumonia -

— 1 catarrh 2 croup 3 Catarrh. 4 Pneumonia
from 255 croup 5 ———— empyema. ————

① This effusion of blood is the first sign of the existing debility
in the lungs. ^{often} But in a debilitated state of the lungs it is more
common for serum or lymph only to be effused.

② When this serum, or lymph is sometimes
discharged by coughing as fast as it is effused,
& particularly in the morning after its accum.
It is sometimes likewise absorbed by the lymphatics,
— circulation during the night. When it is not
discharged by coughing & expectoration, it stagnates
in the cellular substance of the lungs, where
it forms one or more abscess, which when
it breaks or ulcerates produces ~~for~~ one of the
forms of pulmonary consumption? - Tubercles
I have proved from the exp^ts of Dr. Stark are
from the reflux & stagnation of the mucus
of the Bronchiae. They too are the effects of
debility in the bronchial vessels. ~~When in this~~

~~hemorrhagica cruenta It is produced by~~
 the same degree of causes which produce
 consumption - ~~It is only an external~~
~~effusion of blood - where it does not occur,~~
~~external or~~
~~there is an interval effusion if not of~~
~~blood, certainly of serum or lymph~~ -
~~hence the ^{the origin of} Ulcers ⁱⁿ the tubercles of the lungs,~~
~~It hence the premature excretion~~
~~from the lungs where Ulcers & tubercles~~
~~are wanting - the hemorrhage from~~
~~the nose is produced by debility from an~~
~~excess of heating powers occasioned by the~~
~~excessive determination of blood to the~~
~~Brain. -~~

~~Let us next enquire into the remote~~
~~or exciting causes of ^{torrid} active hemorrhage of~~
~~great quantity.~~
~~These are 1) sudden vicissitudes of heat &~~
~~cold - hence it occurs chiefly in the spring &~~
~~fall, also extreme heat & cold - These act chiefly on~~
~~the lungs. 2) sudden diminution of the weight of the~~
~~air occasioning expansion of the blood.~~

natural state they produce a dry husky cough,
but ~~then~~ when they ulcerate, which they often
do, they produce the same hectic symptoms as
Abscess, or another form of Pulm^r Consumpⁿ. —
This is short recapitⁿ of my theory of Consumpⁿ. —
- you see how widely I differ from Dr. Cullen
& all his followers. I make his causes effects only
of Consumption. ~~where~~ The lungs are a hardy
viscus. They prosper in adult life but little +
~~In extreme cold weather~~ In 1790
I was called to three patients in a
week with Haemoptoid.

= Insibility, and when the whole body has
not been previously debilitated, they ^{bear without} resist ~~less~~
Safety Contusions - wounds - ^{hemorrhages -} chest - ^{impure air -} flour -
~~as gashes~~ and a hundred injuries irritants of a similar
nature. But when the whole body is debilitated -
and especially when this debility invades the blood
vessels - they immediately sympathize with it -
- hence the weakness^{& hoarseness} of the Voice - the difficulty
of breathing in acute fevers - & the cough - spitting
of all chronic fevers. go to p. 290 &

3 Every thing that quickens the circulation such as violent exercise - lifting weights - sudden & stimulating passions determining to particular parts - as joy to the lungs - anger to the brain - or the Ven^e: appetite to the Uterus.

4 Exercise of particular parts of the body. as coughing - hallowing - or quick respiration, from the lungs - hanging down of the head, or intense study, from $\frac{1}{2}$ nose.

5 Cold applied to one part of the body, determining to the another. Eg: cold feet, to the lungs. 6 ^{great} heat or great pressure from too much clothing.

7 ~~Determination~~ Determination to certain vessels and? habitual by habit. 8 Animal magnetism.

[To illustrate still further, the proximate cause which has been given, I shall read from Dr Cullen ^{on} his acc^t of the symptoms of active hemorrhage. p. 259. Vol. 2.]

It is peculiar to hemorrhage to return after once begun from accumulation of phlogiston & habit.

V This should be accommodated
as in other states of fever to the state
of the pulse, and the condition of the
System.

General remedies for hemorrhage.

Is it a salutary discharge,
~~Is any dependence~~ Is any dependence
 to be placed on nature? ~~It is not~~ It is not
 in no disease is nature to be trusted less than in
 this - Nor is it necessary even in fevers w^h
 affect the brain. V.S. is much better because
 the time of drawing the blood, & the quantity
 can be much better limited & ascertained.

The remedies sh^d be ^{of great morbid action} in ~~toxic~~ hemorrhages.
 1 Bleeding - In spite of all Dr. Brown has said
 against it. All the Arg^{ts} in favor of V.S. in
 inflamm^y diseases apply here tho' in an inferior
 degree - For there is ~~no~~ as certainly excess
of action in one case, as in the other, &
 I may add, ~~that is~~ contrary to Dr. B. that
 debility is as certainly ^{the} predisposing cause
 of inflammⁿ as of hemorrhage. See.

2 Cold - either in air or in water, the
 efficacy of this remedy, proves the truth of

✓ The Atonic Hemorrhages require
1 Opium. 2 ~~Saline~~ Bark. 3
Alum - for Still & Copies - 4
the Cold Bath. 5 Exercise. — .

The Remedies for the effusions of blood
without morbid Action ~~the~~ described by Dr
Ott, should be tonic - particularly C Per.

287. ^{morbid or inflam^y.}
our proximate cause - viz: ~~cause of action.~~
what are

3 lenient purges. 4 Sedative medicines espe-
-cially Alum & vitre. - ^{Alcali. Saturated.} After ~~cause of action.~~ ^{violent}
Or where it is present in a small degree
- can be subdued medicines which overcome
or not all in the bleeding vessels
delicately - ~~potentially~~ either ^{by} acting on
weak action the whole system, or the ^{bleeding} affected part sh^d.
be given, - these are opium - Blisters -
common salt. ^{Or Ligatures.} ~~These~~ These remedies
are proper during the existence of the hemor-
-rhage. To prevent the return of it - exercise
by ~~quotation~~ & a diet which produces little
blood are proper. The exercise sh^d be quotation,
& the diet - milk & vegetables. ✓ we shall
now proceed to apply these remedies to parti-
-cular hemorrhages. ✕

Hemoptysis

" Redness of the Cheeks, a sense of heaviness
or pain & sometimes heat in the breast -
Dyspnea - tickling in the fauces - small cough

This debility is acute & chronic.

The acute not dangerous - many
people subject to it all their lives -

The chronic always tends to consump-
-tion.

The ~~king of~~ Parpsia - arises from
temporary & debility - from blows falls
down.

with a discharge of florid blood". —

1 Distinguished from hemorrhage of the
 fœces called "hemorrhoids of the lungs" by Mon-
 -gabri - by no cough - but hawking only -
 no symptoms of pyrexia as mentioned in
 the definition - & by being visible. - see
 Vanswieten - Often distils from the nose, &c

2 Brown Vomiting is often accompanied
 it by ^{& fluid} florid color of the blood - in Vomiting
 is black & grumous, - moreover the
 latter more seldom recurs than former,
 & has few, or none of the symptoms of
 definition. —

The predisposing ~~causes~~ of this disease is
 evidently debility. The remote causes are
 the same as Consumption & these
 are all of a debilitating nature. —

The lungs partake of this debility
 in a peculiar manner - hence it occurs

It is remarkable it
It ^{is} seldom occurs during the time
of speaking, but a day or two af-
-terwards. This was the case with the
Rev Mr Winchester who died of this dis-
-ease. ^{I know it occurs in} In one gentⁿ a month
after ~~to~~ speaking in public. see below #

✓ I have known it twice prove suddenly
fatal. in Col. Atlee preceded by a hemorrhage.
& in Bryan in the Secretary's Office - preceded
by cough - but little blood discharged in the latter
case. - ~~death probably from fear - he was~~
~~an Irishman - the lungs were suffocated wth~~
it. ^{was congestion of blood.} # Quakers however (Brisot says)
most subject to Consumptⁿ. - Perhaps
because they don't use y^e lungs in singing.
We were made as much to sing as to speak.
go back to p284. ©

290 . afterwards
lungs, & 3rd to obviate debility in the
whole system. The remedies for Hemoptysis
when the pulse is full & tense sh^d be
~~The indication is answered by bleeding.~~

This sh^d be governed by the degree of action
in the pulse & other marks of ^{acute morbid} ~~pathological~~
diathesis. — Moderate V. & often exp^d best,
best.

~~here as in Cassin's~~ ^{The} — Determinate 200 $\frac{1}{2}$ V
This even half.

3 By ~~the~~ ^{to} use of cold - such as light
drugs ^{to consist} - or bed clothes - & ~~perhaps~~ cold liquors
applied to the body. Dr Wood's remedy
of a wrapping himself in a sheet dipped
in Vinegar. - Dr Ponceau's remedy of
naphthine dipped in cold water to Serotum.

~~Perhaps cold Air Cap propper, for while
there is ^{exp of} life action in the system - the lungs
labour under debility. I am the more
disposed to this opinion from the efficacy
of some med. to be ment. hereafter?
3 Grs - Vinegar in Rose leaf tea,~~

particularly

+ all exciting causes should be avoided
The ^{great heat - cold - reading aloud} imitation of heat should be avoided.
singing - laughing - & lifting weights -
Gilchrist tells us of a hot night having
produced it upon 3 persons at ^{in Scotland} one time.
I met with 3 from severe cold of the winter of
1790 in the course of a week - singing ~~was~~ Anne -
laughing ~~was~~ Allston - lifting weights - Dan Jones -

+ In these such cases, the haemorrhage is
often suddenly fatal - as in Col: Atter's case,
& in many others. Occurs in Col: Atter
after a long haemorrhage from congestion of
blood or matter most probably.

V When it occurs in an asthmatic
of Consumptⁿ it is not only safe, but
useful - for Dr. Brown says Drinking
Brine at the Salt Works in Kentucke
has ~~seen~~ cured several Consumptⁿ.
- I know salt in meat from expe-
rience to be useful.

the cure of the 3rd ^{State} ~~phases~~ of consumption?
especially Uniform & temperate climate -
under all the ~~circumstances~~ ^{former} ~~circumstances~~ ^{enjoyed}
- long journeys - & liberal diet. Rev.
Dr. Smith's case - Dr. Smith's porter instead of
tea every afternoon - & Capt. Linn's case,
mentioned formerly. ~~where~~ ^{the} ~~case~~ ^{not} ~~not~~ ^{good},
^{this disease apt to recur - Prompted by U.S. as just abroad.}
Bark proper in this stage of homoeostyis.
yes - I have ~~less~~ ^{used} it ^{to} advantage
after previous evacuations & low diet. I
had the authority of Sir Hans ^{the use of this medicine} ~~leave for it~~
who used it first for an homoeostyis w.
success. He afterwards ^{both} ~~by taking~~ ^{documentary} ~~documentary~~ ^{day}
~~presented a return of it~~ ^{lived to be 96, & died} ~~45 years~~.
He died at 96, in the full enjoyment of
all his mental faculties. The difference
of opinion respecting the safety of Bark
^{has} ~~has~~ arisen only from the ^{Different} ~~two~~ ^{cases} ~~systems~~
- ~~states~~ ^{case} ~~states~~ ^{system} of the ~~disease~~ ⁱⁿ ~~which~~ ^{which}
it has been used. In ^{highly} ~~these~~ ^{active} ~~active~~ ^{state} ~~state~~ ^{is}
~~improper~~ ^{(a) large} ~~of water~~ ^{prepared} ~~secreted~~. [Dr. Linn
state of the pulse, it is certainly improper.]

✓ (10) It is remarkable that many people have lived to a great age who have been afflicted with this disease ^{case.} ~~disease~~.

The King of Persia who died at 75 had it during the seven years was - Dr Denon formerly of Bristol now near 90 was often afflicted with it in early life! The Rev Hy Westley likewise - died at 86 people it is from acute causes in ~~the~~ ^{these} cases, there is no ^{little} more danger than

from a bleeding from the nose. It was a local - not the effect of general debility. ~~The vicaria of this kind~~ - That form of the disease ^{Dr Cullen} Dr Cullen calls vicaria is generally ~~at~~ without much danger. It is cured by restoring the bleeding piles & menstra.

The phthisica of Dr Cullen - or that form which follows or attends abscess or tubercles in the lungs is generally fatal.

✓ has given ^{five} ~~Epistaxis~~ species of this disease.
If the principles laid down are understood
they may easily be applied to each of y^m.

The 1st plethorica - is the one we have
described. The 2nd Violenta - seldom requires
any ^{other} ~~of the~~ remedies of the ~~Indication~~ but
not - and low diet. I have often seen it,
without ending in Consumpⁿ. & why?
Because no general or predisposing
debility. The 3rd phthisica ^{may be} ~~is~~ palliated by
the remedies mentioned - but is seldom
cured. - The 4th Calidiosa - seldom cured.

The 5th Vicaria - occurs chiefly in women
& in persons subject to piles. Not so often
fatal as the first. (a) I

[Shall conclude by ^{inquiring whether} ~~remarking~~
common salt from the manner of its
operation does not promise as much benefit
in that debility of the lungs ^{as} occurs in
consumpⁿ as well ^{as} ~~as~~ ^{it has afforded in} hemoptysis? I think

v It is spontaneous frequently - but often
brought on by falls - blows - pinching the nose -
& by sudden anger. The last induced it in
one case in Mr Bruce in his travels. -

I have known it twice fatal
in the Antrum. In both cases it
appeared to be a malignant state
of furor. The pulse unsubdued to
the last. Mifflin's boy - & D Campbell
patient - the last had psoriasis.

have once tried it, but it was in a desperate case. I think it merits a repetition of the experiment in more favorable cases. These should be in the beginning of the disorder, before tubercles are formed. —

Epistaxis - or bleeding at the nose.

" A pain or heaviness of the head, redness of the face with a flowing of blood from the nostrils" —

It is generally an arterial hemorrhage, & occurs chiefly in young persons - now & then in old people from venous plethora ^{as} occurs in their brain. — I suspect ~~these~~

~~the~~ The remedies are

- 1 Bleeding - if whole system is cast into sympathy.
- 3 Emetic purges. — 2 Rest in a sitting or half prone recumbent posture. ^{ie to Polly Cough}
- 4 Cold applications - to the neck, or scrotum.
- 5 Ligatures.
- 6 Plugs. Low diet —

To obviate the return of this disease —

✓ Hemorrhagia Uterina - Remedies -
 as for other hemorrhages - also Rest -
 cold applications - blous. Blister to the
~~great sacral ting stairs - Carriage prevented~~
~~by occasional V.S. in pregnancy & when the~~
~~menstrual flow - not climbing stairs - gentle~~
~~exercise - in the atonic state - by Bark -~~
~~in port wine~~

+ The Hematemesis - is of the same kind.

" a sense of fulness, & oppression with sickness,
 succeeded by a vomiting of ^{black} grumous blood".
 This blood black from stagnation. Not Atrabilis.
remote causes.

- 1 Acid Substances 2 Violent operation of a purge -
- 3 Concupiscence. Mr Doz's case - 4 great debility & ^{stard} ~~relaxation of the bowels~~ drinking 5 Obstruction of
 the menes - hence more common in women
 than men. 6 D^o of bleeding piles 7 D^o in liver & spleen.
 cure 2 cold. Mr Doz's case

1 If pulse is full or tense V.S. - But I have
 also Glysters of cold water.

generally found it weak & greenish. Engo

3 ~~Cassia~~ Lig. land: - ^{and here all the} Spirits - and
 best metallic astringents -
 serpentaria. Is Corn: salt proper?

Succeeded Anna in Mr Doz's case. Disease apt to
 return. & often fatal.

The remedies are 1 Low diet. 2 a loose belly.
 3 moderate exercise as to avoid plethora - 4
 avoiding tight ligatures especially round the
 neck - also much sleeping - intense study -
 & blowing the nose - 5 Blisters & issues.

Is common salt proper here? yes ✓

These finish the hemorrhages from the
 of Action - the haemorrhagia Uterina - ali.
 mixed nature - partly arterial & partly
 venous - so much connected th in certain parts
 & laws in the female Economy that ^{it will} they come
 in better under female diseases. We shall
 now add a few words on the hemorrhages
 which arise from ^{Defect} ~~causes~~ of Action, & here I shall
 bring in the ^{mis} sanguifluxus under the order
 of Apocrenoses. - They are as proper here
 as venous fever where there is ~~to be~~ ^{to be}
 or no heat is under the head of Lysia.

Hæmaturia is involuntary blood.

They are - Hæmorrhoids cruenta Hæmatina

Hæmorrhæ

From 1. Hard riding 2. Calculi. 3. Ven Disease.

Cure, as other hæmorrhæges. also common
Sect - ~~to~~ Dr. Baerthius common^{er}.

+ Sometimes from hard riding - or ~~Cantharides~~,
or putrid fever, or Anastomoses of vessel of

e. in. the rectum which produces $\frac{e}{y}$ disease upon
a cepation of the piles. - In this case ~~more~~
~~caution~~ of Hygiene & bow. diet proper. See

Gulton. V The Piles very common in Astrakhan,
but they exempt from the ~~disorder~~ ⁱⁿ are more common
during Vol: 2. 10/21

Melena

Blood profused dark coloured, or mixed
Dangerous - & often ^{very} fatal. Remedies
with green bile. -

the same as in other profuse hæmorrhages.

Hæmorrhage from Bowels.

Blood red, but mixed with mucus.

at. Vol: - Opium - Injections of
cold water, or vegetable astringent

Cysticercus - & haemorrhagia e vulneribus.

Bleeding piles.

- made of 1st Turpentine
 1 Lard; 2 tonic and astring^g glysters, &
 in blind piles oily glysters -
 3 Bark. 4 ~~Emulsion~~ - Cordial ~~to~~ diet &
 drinks, esp^y port wine, & 5 exercise!

~~Haemorrhagic~~ Bloody Urine - from the
 kidneys & Bladders - occurs from calculi.
 is generally ~~prolonged~~, or accomp^d wth debility.

Cure Lig. Caut^{er}: - & similes for Calculi.
 also Comagonsalt - D^r Martin's fact.
 Haemorrhagy from Wounds.

1 Cold - Benefits of it after a battle - in the
 wounded deer fly to a spring of cold
 water to stop blood. 2 Dry applications of lint - eggs
 or flour. Liquids to be avoided. 3 Compression.
 often succeeds in large Vessels. used for three
 days in D^r Dill's case. The worst kind from
 drawing a tooth - a cook and wth success by
 D^r Griffiths of New Jersey. The history of D^r Dill's
 & two other families.

From the Uterus

In pregnancy V.S. 1, kept every 2 or 3 weeks. Leucorrhoea. flues - supine position for several days. Avoiding exciting causes - as climbing stairs. high Carriage Steps - Dancing - foot flues - and venereal connections.

Hæmorrhage from the Skin.

Occurs in Malignant fever - is induced great Agony of mind. It is said there grows a root at the Natches which is so powerful a stimulus as to induce it.

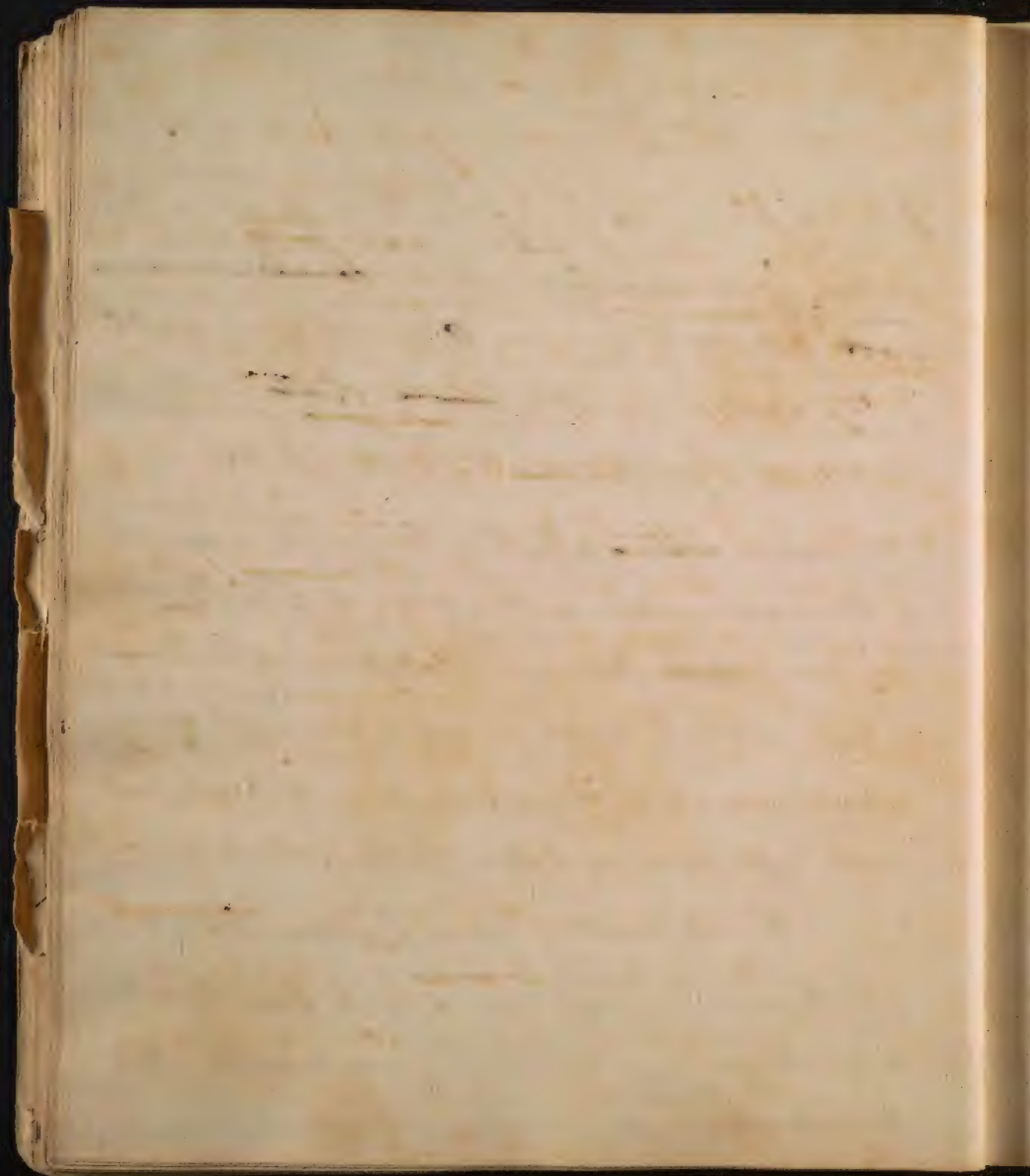
The Gout

I have chosen to bring in the Gout in this place inasmuch as it is ^{an intermediate} ~~generally considered~~ disease between ~~with~~ febrile & nervous Affections, as will fully appear in the ~~whole~~ ^{rest} of its history of its causes, symptoms & Cure. I define it

"a disease ~~arising~~ affecting the joints, especially of the extremities of the lower limbs - ^{preceded} ~~for~~ by an ~~affected~~ ^{or} sickness, flatulency of the stomach, - frequently hereditary - attended with fever, returning at different intervals, & alternating with affections of other parts of the body. -

For its history see Dr Cullen. Vol. 2. p 59

Dr Cullen has divided it into four species viz: Regularis - atonica - retrograda - & aberrans. I see no necessity for this - I



think two species may ~~be~~ include the whole.
 viz: the inflamm^y or tonic gout, & the Asthenic
 or Atonic gout, or the gout is excess & defect of action

The inflamm^y gout is seated ^{chiefly} ~~only~~ in the
 limbs - is accompanied with great pain - fever,
 & a hard pulse, & swelling of the part affected. It
 sometimes affects the lungs & brain - ~~both~~

The Asthenic Gout is ~~not found~~ extends
 with little pain, ~~to the~~ & of short duration to the
 limbs, but affects occasionally every part of
 the body. - It is accomp^d with ~~dispos~~ little or
 no fever - & other marks of debility. -

Both species of

The predisposing cause of this disease is evidently
 debility. This will more fully hereafter form
 the history of its causes. -

Its proximate cause is excess or defect
 of action, or a mixture of both. ~~This is not~~

Here Gout: ~~I now~~ you see I carry
 with me my first idea of general diseases.
 - Their causes are nearly all similar,

+ system primarily & chiefly, while the
Gout affects both the arterial, & the nervous
systems. The inflamm^g Gout ^{chiefly} affects the
former, - the Asthenic Gout appears chiefly
in the nervous system. The resemblance of
these diseases appears in ^{the one} ~~them~~ affecting the Officers,
& the other the soldiers of an army. These two
diseases are generally the taxes imposed upon
the honors acquired by war. ^{old} Soldiers ~~who~~ are
generally affected in Rheumatism, while
Officers from being exposed to ~~more~~ ^{the more} stimulating
causes pass the evening in their lives ~~under~~ ⁱⁿ
~~the~~ repeated fits of the Gout. Rheumatism &
Gout alike produce chalky effusions - stiff-
enforced & dislocated joints. - The Gout

& their appearances or symptoms vary only with the ^{degree of the cause or} difference of constitution on which they operate. —

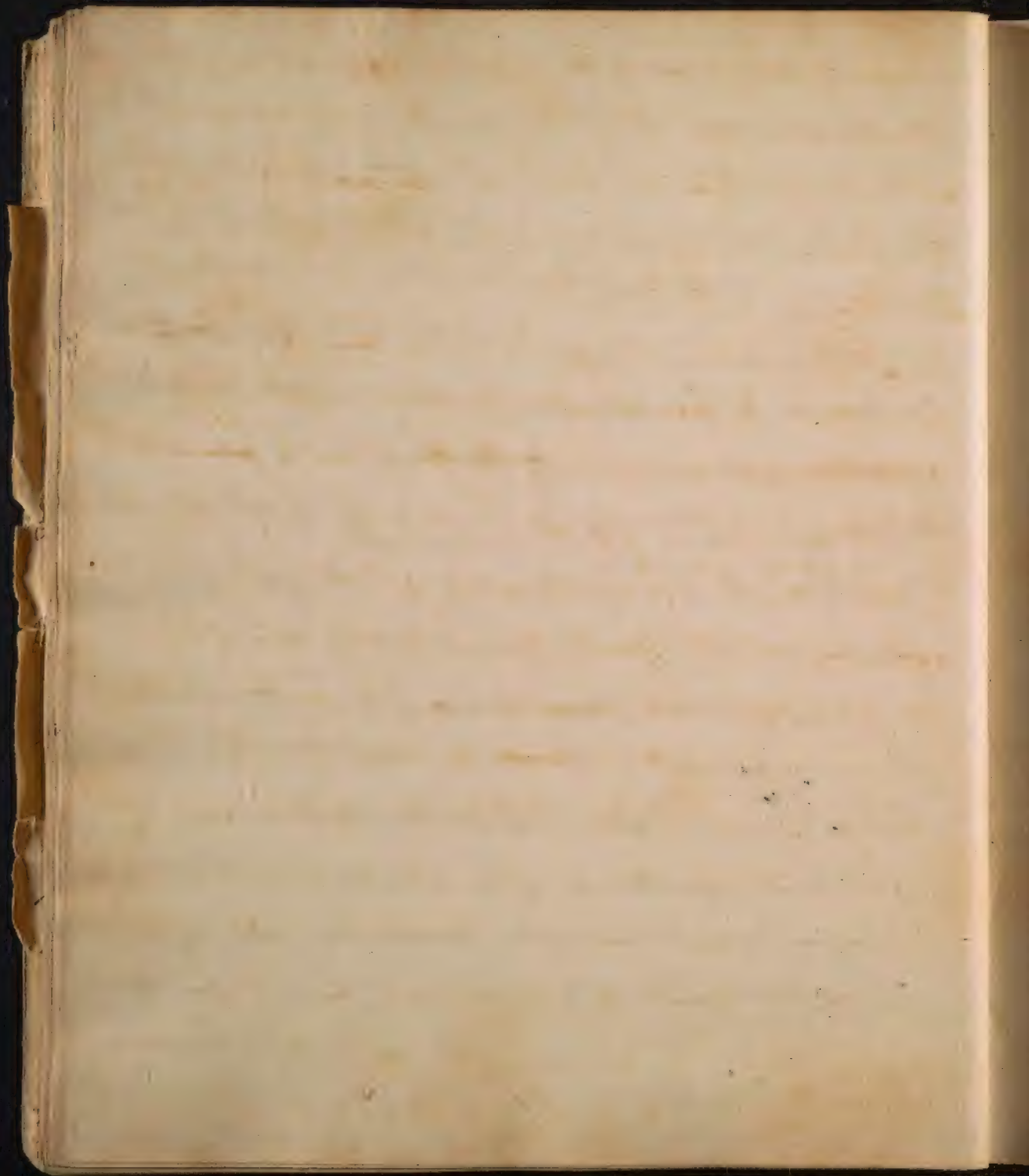
A Rheumatism is nothing but a Gout ^{debilitated by fatigue - & cold only,} upon a vigorous constitution, & a Gout is nothing but a Rheumatism upon a constitution debilitated by fatigue - cold - intemperance - ~~indolence~~ ^{indolence} - & ^{indirectly} stimulating passions of the mind. — From the ^{directly & indirectly debilitating} greater debility which predisposes to it — it affects the internal ~~body~~, while from the ^{less} debility ^{wh. predisposes to it,} the Rheumatism affects only the external parts of the body. — The Rheumatism affects the arterial system. I shall have occasion to repeat the application of this principle the further we proceed in treating of general diseases. —

The Gout affects men of a choleric-sanguine temperament, — seldom before 35 unless they are predisposed to it by hereditary diathesis. In this case it occurs at 16. 18, & I once heard of it in a child of 9 years of age. — It affects

affects different systems primarily, or
in a secondary manner, according to the
temperament of the patient. — In the
sanguine it appears first in the Arteries,
in the nervous, in the ^{brain &} nervous system,
and in the bilious in the liver & bowels,
& in the phlegmatic in dropsy. —
The Gout changes its mode & place of
Attack with the varying state of these
Systems in different periods of life —
seasons & countries. —

Men of ~~active~~ ^{genius} ~~mind~~, more than weak men.
 The reason of this is obvious. Genius is ^{not only} connected
 with Sensibility of body, but ~~with~~ generally with
 strong passions, and an active Understanding both
 of which add ~~to the~~ by their Stimuli to the other
 stimulating Causes which produce it. ~~The facts~~
~~is~~ ~~cases~~ Dr Sydenham mentions it as a Con-
 -voluting Circumstance ~~that~~ under his frequent
 & painful Attacks of this disease that it was
 peculiar to philosophers, & that ^{& great men} ~~fools~~ were
 Strangers to it. To this remark I have known
 some exceptions, ~~but it was~~ I have known weak
 Men afflicted with the Gout - But these men
 were descended from ~~the~~ sensible Ancestors who
 had transmitted a gouty diathesis to them. It
 seldom afflicts women, except they are descended
 from gouty parents.

There are several Circumstances
^{the} wth respect to its descent w^{ch} deserve to be mentioned.
 It sometimes passes by children of the first,



& affects children of the second generation. Dr. Blackmore on this account compares it to a river in Africa which ~~disappears~~ rises in one Kingdom, disappears under ground in a second, & rises in a third. —

It sometimes affects only ^{part of the} ~~one~~ child: ^{of} a family, — & particularly those which are born after the appearance of the gout in a ^{father} family.

It sometimes affects a whole family. A Mr. ^{a young man of 21} Ralph — the son of an English gentleman, who was afflicted with the gout, came to this city about 70 years ago, and married a young woman by whom he had ~~one child~~ ^{a daughter}. His wife dying 3 weeks after the birth of this child, he returned to England, where he married a 2^d wife by whom he had six children — all of whom died of the gout, & all except one before they arrived at the usual age of matrimony in England. One of them died at 19 — the

in study or business - &
+ of the Understanding, - of the passions in
~~study~~ - ~~but~~ pleasure - except in very slight
watching. - The use of wine & spirituous liquors
seems to be most essential to the production of the
~~Hereditary disease~~ Gout - hence it is
unknown in China & Turkey, where custom
or religion forbid the use of wine & spirits. -

† Dr Brown says he could at any time bring a
fitt of the Gout on himself by a dose of
Salts. - It was cured by acids. -

Dther at 16 years of his age. The father &
 grand father both followed them with the
 same disease. The child whom he left in this
 city passed her life subject to frequent & severe
 fits of the Gout, & finally died with it un-
 -der my care about ¹⁷⁸⁹ 4 years ago in the 67th
 or 68th year of her age. — She had left several
 grown children behind her — One of whom a
 Daughter has had several violent attacks of
 arthritic Gout. —

The remote or occasional causes of the Gout
 are such things as induce direct or indirect
 are properly divided by De Fallen into two kinds.

Delicacy. &c.
 & those which induce plethora & those which produce
 debility in plethoric habits. — They

That are intemperance in eating animal
 food — ~~is~~ a sedentary life — & the use of ^{habitual} strong
 -ted liquors — & the violent & constant exercise +

The ~~other~~ exciting causes are
 intoxication —

indigestion — intense application to ~~study~~ or
^{violent & excessive passions} — & such as puffing & de-
 business — excessive evacuations — &c. often brings it

+ Claret - punch - & Cyper often bring it on in
one night. -

+ This the case in Gen^l Buil. -

It is in a swelling of the lower limbs called
the dumb gout.

* It affects the kidneys in a peculiar man-
-ner - often producing gravel, & schuria.
Perhaps a disposition to the Gout arising
here may be produced by the patients lying
so long upon his back. -

It alternated with intermit fever
in Lucy Penrose. It produced in flam^a.
Stoll & Vignea. - is hectic in some cases. -
It lours on the leg in Mr Ward - and on
the thigh in myself. - & Boles in _____. It
produces Acute Arthritis in head & breast & stomach. -
also true Arthritis serena - as in Mr Provost.

on when used repeatedly in other diseases, also
~~propos~~ - night watching - The ceasing of usual
 exertion on ^{fatigue} labor of mind or body - Sudden change from a
 full to a low diet - acid diet, or drinks - ⁺ the
 application of cold to the body - & especially to the
 extremities - a sprain or wound of the ankle,
 or lower limbs - & lastly a sudden fright -

The ~~toxic~~ inflammⁿ. Gout is seated chiefly
 in the joints, but there are cases of its occurring
 in the lungs producing pneumonia notha - in the
 throat - ~~the throat~~ ^{the throat} covered with Scurf in
 bladder kidneys & perhaps the brain. It is certain
 in the apoplexy from the Gout there is often great
 exasp of Action so as make Vt. necessary. Take
 Notice ⁺ in all the cases of inflammⁿ. Gout the exasp
 of Action is generally moderate - It seldom rises
 beyond typhoid inflammⁿ. -

The Asthenic Gout appears in every part
 of the body. It sometimes appears in shooting pains
 in the great toe - ankles & knees. ⁺ It affects the
~~muscles~~ Stomach with nausea - dyspepsia - flatulency

+ This species of Dysentery is very common in Virginia. Mr Harrison & many other principal people have died with it. Continues for several years.

* It affects the liver with Obstruction - & the gall bladder with a preternatural secretion, and excretion of bile - hence the origin of bilious ~~dis~~ complaints as a Chronic Disease. -

+ Mr Mitchell's eyes were so much affected in the gout as that he could not endure the light of a fire in his room in the extreme cold weather of Feb. 1789.

+ It affects the glands of the Urethra producing there a true gonorrhoea benigna. A case of this kind was communicated to Dr Jones, by the late Mr Pott - of London. I have seen one of the same kind in Mrs _____ in Market Street. A case of it in Lt. Physical effects. - It produced Priapism & Chorde in Mr M Dyer also in Alex^r Allaire who had had gout 35 years.

- Vomiting - & Spasm called Gastrodynia. -

It affects the bowels with Colic, & Diarrhea.

Most of the obstinate Diarrheas we meet with in persons who have ^{had or who have} merited the Gout, are I believe of Symptoms of Asthenic Gout.

- ~~They are~~ It affects the Lungs, producing ^{Asthma} ~~pneumony~~ pneumonia - & various species of Dyspnea -

It affects the larynx throat with Angina, & the Salivary glands ⁱⁿ a discharge of saliva. headach Delirium. It affects the Brain with Vertigo - palsy - and - it produced Saturation in Maj^r Butler -

Apoplexy. - It affects the orbit of the eye with constant pain - sometimes producing effusion of red blood in the eyes - & even total blindness.

It affects the external muscles of the

head - neck - back & breast. for the last it produces Angina pectoris. See Dr McQueen med. Journal.

I have once known it affect the breasts of a lady, ^{with swelling & hardness} every fall at the time ⁱⁿ which in former years she had been afflicted with the Gout in

her Stomach & Gall bladder. - It sometimes produces Lymphula. ^{col. straight.} It affects the kidneys neck of the bladder producing Catarrhus Vesicae, or Spasm. - ‡

+ The effusions which take place in consequence
of pain in particular parts, stagnate from
a defect in the Absorbents, & produce in the joints,
of the toes - ^{ankles} - knuckles - wrists - & elbows certain
Chalky concretions - These ^{concretions} sometimes ^{erect}
& protrude thro' the skin, & often furnish a patient
with the means of numbering ^{on an adjoining wall} the days, or years
of his confinement & misery. They occur
also in the lymphatics. -

Sometimes the disease affects the ligaments
& tendons, as well as muscles of the joints twisting
them in such a manner, as to alter the shape of
the feet legs - fingers - & hands - and thereby to
produce deformity & lameness. produce dislocation.

It belongs to the history of the Gout to add,
that under all the circumstances of pain -
confinement - & deformity that have been
mentioned, Gouty patients enjoy cheerfulness
of temper - & retention of all the intellectual
powers - & an exquisite relish for all the pleasures
of sense & society. —

It affects the rectum producing the piles. -

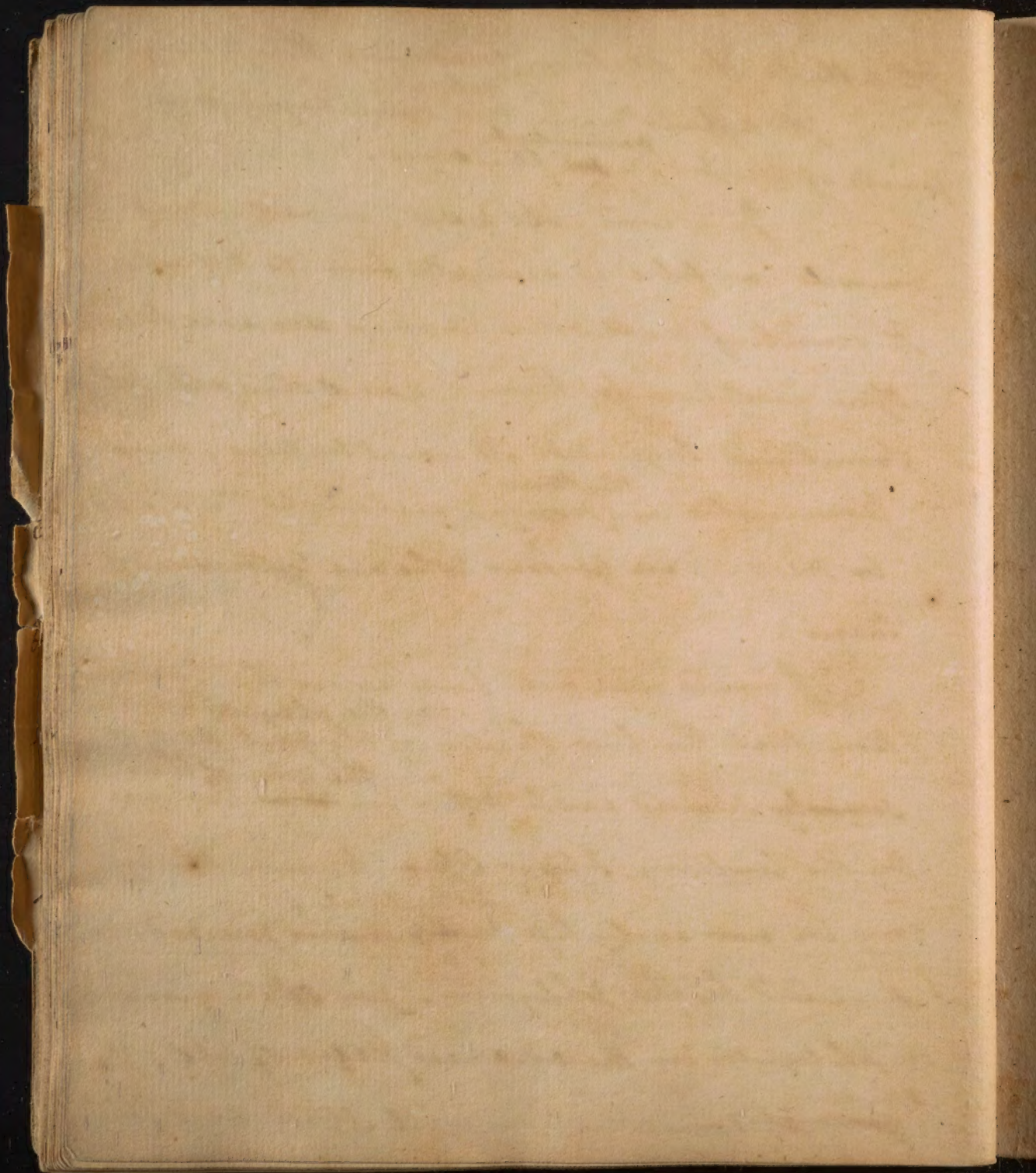
It affects even the ^{external} cartilaginous parts of the body - ^{particularly} the ears. +

In a word - No part - or rather no muscle, or fibre is exempted from its attacks.

It counterfits all other chronic diseases, & is often mistaken for them. nor is this all, it sometimes lays aside its usual nature, and terminates in ^{the stone} dropsy - melancholly - and to madness in persons who are predisposed to them.

I would remark here as in the Consump-
-tion, ^{viz: the phlogistic & Asthenic} that the two species of the gout do not steadily succeed each other in ^{the order of their} violence.

On the contrary, I have often known the Asthenic ^{without being} ~~in~~ in ~~an~~ early life ~~to be~~ ^{preceeded}, or succeeded by the phlogistic. we often moreover see phlogistic in the advanced stages of life. The ~~same~~ ^{same} constitution will often at diff^r:



4.

